

# THE COLEMAN JOURNAL

PUBLISHED IN THE PREMIER COAL MINING CENTRE OF THE CROW'S NEST PASS  
A WEEKLY RECORD OF INTERESTING COMMUNITY NEWS READ BY YOUNG AND OLD

The Most Effective Advertising Medium for reaching the People of Town and District. The Journal goes into the Homes

Special Week-End Prices  
on Page 8

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## Provincial Government Asked By Local Coal Committee To Make An Appropriation of \$30,000

To Be Used in Campaign to Extend Market in Ontario For Alberta Coal—Appeal Made on Basis of National Welfare and Increased Employment of Alberta Mine Workers.

A meeting of the committee organized early this year to develop plans to extend wider markets for Alberta coal met in the Greenhill hotel on Wednesday evening, under the chairmanship of Rev. Mr. Upton of Bellevue. Ernest G. Hansell, M.P., and E. O. Duke, M.L.A., were present. Representatives of the mining companies were G. Kellock, J. A. Brusset and H. W. Clark; Blaimore was represented by Mayor Williams, and Blaimore and Bellevue miners by their President Campo, J. Price and others. Mayor Pattinson was unable to attend owing to a council meeting being held in Coleman.

As a result of lengthy discussion, and an outline by Mr. Hansell of conversations he had with Alberta's trade commissioner in Toronto, and with representative men at Ottawa, it was felt that a campaign would have to be organized to cover Ontario, to impress on coal users there that from a national standpoint, it would be necessary for them to use western coal more extensively, instead of importing heavy tonnage of American coal. Mayor Williams and Mr. Price pointed out that the work in Blaimore and Bellevue mines did not permit of more than a bare existence, and the former

### LOCAL WEEKLY IN THE COMMUNITY

In an editorial on the visit of the district press association to Huntsville, the Forester made the following reference to the place of the local weekly in the community: "Public relationship to the welfare of the local paper is too vital and obvious to even suggest public indifference. Just what any local community would do without its weekly newspaper is a matter upon which less public thought is given than might be expected. Its place in community development in social and personal relationships; its leadership in matters of prime interest to the citizens at large, and its place as a business builder in the locality it serves, all vitally connect it with the individual interests of every citizen."

## Smart Capture Leads to Jail Sentence

Last week Plunkett & Savage's warehouse at Blaimore was broken into, and two thieves were seen by a man living close to the place bringing out stock to the rear platform preparatory to loading it into an automobile, later found to have been stolen from East Coleman.

For fear of disturbing the thieves, the party watching them had to be very cautious in informing the police. He managed to get to the station in his stocking feet unobserved and Constables Bryenton and Klassen, R.C.M.P., very quickly turned out. It was 2 a.m. One man, at the rear, attempted to run away, with Constable Bryenton in pursuit firing his revolver. The man dropped to the ground unhurt, but badly scared, and was quickly placed in the cells. The accomplice escaped in the darkness, there being no street lights.

William Miesien, the captured man, of Fernie, was sentenced by Magistrate Gresham to one year on a theft charge, and one year on the charge of stealing the car, less one day, sentences to run concurrently. He was taken to Lethbridge gaol.

### KEEPING PUBLIC INFORMED ON FUNCTIONS OF CANADA'S BANKING SYSTEM



VERNON KNOWLES

Who is speaking for the chartered banks of Canada in a series of non-political broadcasts over a province-wide network of Alberta stations. The talks are designed to be informative and will present facts about the functions and operations of Canadian banks. The addresses go on the air Tuesday evenings from 10:15 to 10:30 and on Wednesdays in the day-time from 1:15 to 1:30.

### BOY SCOUTS OFFICIAL COMMENT

Mr. W. S. Backman, executive secretary for Alberta of the Boy Scouts Association, will be in Coleman on Saturday, Sept. 18. It is his desire to meet all those interested in Scouting with the aim of helping to reorganize the movement in this community and in the Crow's Nest district. Boys and parents interested should either communicate with Reg. Agents or The Journal office.

He is a failure who sneers at success.

## The Alberta Experiment Is Only a Misleading Theory

"The Alberta Experiment," by Major C. H. Douglas, is a most enlightening book. It serves to emphasize the opinion held by thinking people that Douglas' purpose is to induce Premier Abernethy to set up a separate State regardless of Canada's constitution. It also indicates that Major Douglas is fanatical in his enmity to the banking system, not only in Canada, but throughout the world. Here is a recommendation made by Douglas in a letter to Premier Abernethy on October 15, 1935, from Flat Tree Court in London, where the would-be dictator of a Canadian province has an office:

"Can you make an arrangement with any existing banking institution by which it will hand over to you, not as a loan but as a creation on your behalf and subject only to the disposition of your government, sums of financial credit as may be required from time to time, being paid merely one sum for the book-keeping transaction of creating such credits, and possibly a small sum additionally to cover the book-keeping accounts which may be based upon such credits. The essential difference between this transaction and a loan based upon present principles is, of course, that the banks would have no right to recall, and would be paid no interest as such, during the existence of the credits, but would be merely paid for actual services performed."

"If you cannot arrange that existing banks will carry out such functions on these principles you must organize either a bank under the Dominion Bank Charter Act, or devise, with the aid of your legal advisers, some method by which an institution can be organized outside the Dominion Bank Charter Act, not issuing notes, but creating and granting credits to the government as may be required and issuing cheques along familiar lines, so that no unnecessary difficulties may arise between the boundaries of Alberta and the rest of Canada."

The question to most people will arise: What value would such so-called credits have in the minds of Alberta people who are not blinded by Social Credit pipe-dreams?

Even Premier Abernethy at that time thought such a proposal absurd, for on Nov. 27, 1935, he replied:

"You have asked us to approach the banks for a credit of five to ten million dollars, with no promise to return same or pay interest on it. Our executive council feels that it cannot approach any bank with such a suggestion at the present time."

On Feb. 13, 1936, Major Douglas indicates he is becoming impatient at delays in putting Social Credit into effect, for he states in a letter to Premier Abernethy:

"I should suggest that in the present circumstances, every effort should be made to hinder any legislation, either Provincial, Federal or Imperial, which alters the legal status of the Province, whether in regard to taxation or otherwise, and that administratively everything be done to transfer control over the Police Force and Public Services to the Province and to withdraw from the use of Federally controlled institutions of this character."

The correspondence clearly reveals that Douglas realized that the only way in which Social Credit could even be attempted to be put into effect in Alberta is to defy the Canadian Constitution. How well Abernethy followed his advice has been clearly proved by the incidents of the past few weeks.

Will sensible people of Alberta, or the other Canadian provinces, stand by and allow such a condition to continue? We believe not!

Experience is costly, but there is invariably a slump in the market when you try to dispose of it.

"You cannot dream yourself into a character; you must hammer and forge one for yourself."

## School Trustees Debate Appointment to High School Staff and Complaints of Annoyances By One of Janitors

Trustee Hope Again Resigns—Appointment in Place of Miss Powell to High School Staff Not Settled—Overcrowding Reported in Lower Grades.

A regular meeting of the school board was held in the board room on Tuesday evening, with Chairman Fraser and Trustees Fleming and Sharp present. Absent, Trustees Greenhalgh and Hope.

Minutes of previous regular meeting and intervening special meeting were read and adopted.

The resignation of Geo. Hope was read and laid on the table for one month.

Two applications were read for the vacant position in high school. It was laid on the table until all trustees were in attendance. Asked how the high school staff were progressing with the subjects, Principal Hoyle replied that they were at present working on a temporary time-table pending the decision of the board in appointing another teacher, who, in his opinion, was needed in high school which this year had an enrolment of 121 students.

Appointment of truancy officer was laid on the table until there were a full board attendance.

A letter was read from O. A. Botter typewriter sales and was ordered filed as the board had just completed purchase of seven new typewriters.

Two requests were received by families asking purchase of school books by the board for their children since they themselves were financially unable to do so. The Board agreed to do so.

Principal Hoyle gave his report to the Board regarding the public and high schools. Two small batteries were ordered to be bought for the busses in public and high schools. Ten students had made application for physics II course and fourteen for chemistry II. Mr. Hoyle had a prepared list of equipment needed for these two courses and the Board authorized their purchase. Mr. Hoyle will draw plans for the new laboratory which is expected to be built in the basement.

Overcrowding in the junior grades of four, five and six was reported. A suggestion was put forward by Principal Hoyle, which he stated had been in practice here several years ago. The Board after discussion decided to lay it on the table until there was a full attendance.

An application was received from a prospective student from Cowley to attend high school. A fee of \$10.00 was asked from the applicant for permission to attend here.

Chemical supplies and text books were ordered to be placed with McBurney's Drug store. A dictionary

was purchased for the convenience of school students, there being only one at present in school use.

Trustee Fleming brought before the meeting the matter of janitors and their duties. He stated that he had received a letter as well as a number of reports relating to the janitors recently, and he was going to satisfy himself as a trustee of the board just where the trouble lay. Mr. Hoyle was questioned regarding the janitors' behavior when teachers kept pupils in after school hours.

Mr. Fleming stated that if any teacher was willing to sacrifice her time in order to give some backward pupil a help with his studies after school hours, no janitor was going to interfere with that teacher, regardless of what time the teacher left the room.

A number of suggestions were offered, among them being transferring one of the janitors at present looking after the central and high schools to West Coleman and having the West Coleman janitors transferred to the town school. It was at last decided to leave it in the hands of the works and property committee who will advise the janitors and possibly teachers for a solution to the present friction. Chairman Fraser was emphatic that steps be taken to have a solution to the matter. Accounts were examined and ordered paid.

Meeting adjourned at 10:20 p.m.

Janitor's Conduct Subject of Discussion by Trustee Board.

Friction between one of the school caretakers and the teaching staff was the cause of discussion at a meeting of the trustees board on Tuesday. A few weeks ago a letter was published in this paper from Miss Mae Powell, a former high school teacher, making serious allegations against this caretaker for placing obstacles in the way of classes being taught in the evening, such as turning off lights and locking the school doors, when she was willing to give her time to advance the interests of the pupils.

The conduct of this individual has been a contentious point for a considerable time, which the present board apparently are seriously considering. In fact one of the trustees suggested that he should be removed to West Coleman school and the West Coleman caretaker placed in Central school. Further action is left to the works and property committee, one of whom at the meeting advocated drastic action to avoid further cause for complaints.

Mr. Storey, of Edmonton, was a recent visitor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Cox.

## WEEKLY SPORTS REVIEW

R. Shone Does Well In Tennis Tournament at Nelson—Defeated Some of the Star Players.

R. Shone came home this week all smiles as he proudly told of his creditable showing in the Nelson tennis tournament, when he reached the semi-finals of the men's singles which had an entry list of sixty-eight. Shone was the only Canadian left in the event, the other three coming from Spokane and Coeur d'Alene.

Shone defaulted in the semi-final, when he objected to having the game discontinued on clay courts, and taken to the Nelson arena, where it would have to be played on a wooden floor. Shone defeated a few highly fancied stars in his march to the final, as did Rudolph Kwasnie, whose booming service on the wooden floor knocked the racquets from the hands of several of his opponents. Kwasnie was eliminated in the second or third round.

Jack Kwasnie was defeated in the first round of both the singles and doubles. Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Kwasnie were entering the fourth round of the mixed doubles when last heard of. Mrs. Kwasnie defeated a first class player in the first round when she

could do nothing wrong and won in straight sets. She was defeated in the second round.

Mr. and Mrs. Luke Lindoe were also competitors at the tournament, Luke winning the veterans' doubles with his partner. Mr. and Mrs. Lindoe are still on vacation and plan on leaving for the coast from Nelson.

Seven football teams entered the Fernie sports on Labor day with the following results:

Harlequins beat Galt Miners, 3-1; Kimberley beat Trail Juniors, 1-0; Fernie beat Coleman, 3-1; Trail Seniors beat Kimberley, 1-0; Harlequins beat Fernie, 1-0; Trail beat Harlequins, 3-1. First prize was \$100, second \$75.

(Continued on Page Eight)

### ANNOUNCEMENT

The Ladies' Aid of St. Paul's United Church will hold their annual bazaar and sale of home cooking on the afternoon of Saturday, November 27. Kindly reserve this date.

"All human virtues increase and strengthen themselves by the practice and experience of them."—So-crates.

## COLE'S THEATRE BELLEVUE

Wed., Thurs., Fri., and Sat.  
September 8, 9, 10, 11

RUDYARD KIPLING'S  
grandest story...  
now a screen  
epic to thrill  
and touch your  
heart!



Matinee Saturday at 2 p.m.  
Two shows Saturday evening  
at 7:30 and 9:30

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday  
Sept. 13, 14 and 15

DOUBLE PROGRAM  
"Our Gang" in their first full  
length feature

"General Spanky"  
and  
Edmund Lowe and Madge Evans  
in

"ESPIONAGE"

COMING  
Thursday, Friday, Saturday  
September 16, 17, and 18

GEORGE ARLISS, in  
"East Meets West"

## Nature As Handmaiden

The late Luther Burbank, whose memory is revered the world over and whose labors are perpetuated to the service of mankind in the form of new and improved fruits, flowers and shrubs is, or should be, a source of inspiration to thousands of people, not only in his native United States, but in Western Canada and other countries of the globe.

The knowledge of Burbank's work with plant life to some degree is almost universal, but only those who have studied his life and achievements or who have visited his Santa Rosa gardens in California, now owned by the Santa Rosa Junior College and open to public inspection, can appreciate to the full the benefits that he has conferred upon humanity.

In two particulars, as pointed out by the College authorities, Mr. Burbank differed from any man ever worked with plants to improve them; first, he learned from a study of natural laws how to speed up their development so that he could accomplish more with them in a short space of time; second, he did all his experiments on a wholesale scale. Because of this he was able to accomplish during his lifetime what others could not even approach.

Burbank carried on as many as a thousand experiments at one time, growing perhaps ten or fifty or a hundred thousand plants in each experiment. He crowded the life-work of three or four men into one span of little more than fifty years. Besides this he studied, wrote, lectured, met thousands of people, interested himself in worthwhile enterprises, in children, in animals; learned about other men and other occupations and activities so that he could talk with and enjoy almost any man or woman who came to see him—in short, filled his life with interests and a knowledge such as few have ever found time for.

In the Santa Rosa gardens Burbank did most of his work with flowers; in other gardens and particularly on the Experimental Farm at Sebastopol, eight miles southwest of Santa Rosa, he carried on his experiments with fruit. It would be difficult to list all his plant developments and creations. It is simpler to say that there is scarcely a useful plant which he did not study and very few with which he did not do some work.

Burbank was always pointing out that during a lifetime one could not more than scratch the surface in the field of plant experimentation and said and wrote again and again that young men and women would do well to look into the possibilities of plant breeding if they wanted to do something worthwhile for themselves and their fellowmen.

It is, of course, not possible for every farmer and every townsman who loves a garden to emulate Burbank's example and make plant experimentation a life work, but there is an avenue here for the pursuit of a fascinating adventure in greater or less degree for every man who has a plot of soil available.

It is surprising what results can be achieved, even by an amateur, in the fields of hybridization, cross fertilization and adaptation, even though conducted on comparatively small scale and under conditions which are not always ideal. The amateur experimenter may grow hundreds or even thousands of plants of single species without securing something of value and worthy of perpetuation but, every now and again, Nature has the habit of rewarding the patient and observant student-worker with a prize which more than compensates for many hours of apparently unremitting toil and brings joy to the heart of the breeder.

Even to those who are not so fortunate as to make new discoveries or promote new varieties, such work brings indirect results that are more than worthwhile. For in carrying on such work the earnest and interested student learns at first hand much of the fundamental laws of Nature, and if the student is a farmer, he is able to adapt this knowledge to his commercial advantage. By following these laws he learns how to improve his product and how to reap the greatest benefit from idiosyncracies of soil and climate.

There is one phase of the work, however, that affords fine opportunities for farmers and townspeople in the prairie provinces and that is the adaptation of native trees, shrubs, fruits and flowers to cultivated enclosure. Comparatively little has been done in this direction in the Canadian west, but such activity, when undertaken with intelligence promises fine aesthetic and utility awards to participants.

It is astonishing what can be done to beautify farm and home surroundings by the use of native varieties. They have the advantage of being indigenous to the soil and of acclimatization and are easily available at no more cost than the labor involved in transplanting and subsequent care. Isolated experimentation has shown that the size of native flowers and of wild fruit can be materially increased and quality improved under cultivation, when conditions as nearly as possible approaching the natural are provided, and to this extent at least there is no reason why every resident of the west should not be his own Burbank.

## Apathy Towards Arson

No Moral Scruples About Obtaining Money From Insurance Companies

W. J. Scott, Ontario Fire Marshal, told the Association of Superintendents of Insurance he found the general public "often feels no moral scruples about obtaining as much money as they can from a fire insurance company and view arson with comparatively lenient eyes. Arson trials without jury have given us more than 90 per cent. convictions," he said. "Trials with jury only 25 per cent. which reflects the attitude of the public towards arson." The Fire Marshal said a company should require replacement be made by the assured after a fire. He said this would reduce fires and stimulate the building trade.

## Chinese Never Drink Milk

The Chinese are an agricultural and not a pastoral people. What few cattle they raise they work in the fields. They eat plenty of pork and lamb, but little beef. They do not make butter or cheese and sell milk, very, very ancient milk, at drug stores as medicine. They don't drink it as we do.

The Clyde ranks an easy first as the busiest ship-building river in the world.

IF I COULD ONLY GET AN UNBROKEN NIGHT'S REST!

Up time and again because of kidney trouble? Your system must be freed from the poisons which build up in the kidneys. Only GIN PILLS can do this. They will break up the poisons and help you get a better night's rest.

"I have tried many other pills but GIN PILLS are the only ones that have helped me through their use."

**GIN PILLS**  
FOR THE KIDNEYS

## To Deep For Cadi

Charge Of Cruelty To Animals Is Dismissed

"It's too deep a question for me to decide," remarked Magistrate O'Connor in dismissing a charge of cruelty against John Kelley, employee of a railway, who was charged with the death of a cat at the Canadian Canada exhibition at Ottawa. Kelley admitted feeding live chickens to snakes which the humane society claimed was cruelty—to the chickens, he claimed death was instantaneous when a big python clamped its jaws over a hen's head. Any event, pythons must have live food.

"Apparently it is either the snake's life or the chicken's life," the magistrate commented, dismissing the charge when told the same show was staged in various Canadian and United States cities.

## Visits Boyhood School

Lieutenant-Governor Of British Columbia Sees Old Classrooms

His Honor Eric Hamber, lieutenant-governor of British Columbia, went back to school for half an hour on a recent visit to Winnipeg and scanned initialed desk tops for the first time in 30 years.

"Well, well, here are the old classrooms," he commented, running his hand over the scarred surfaces of the forms, possibly remembering his own furtive pocket-knife-signatures.

Eric Hamber was born in Winnipeg, and entered St. John's College school, where his father was a master from 1884 till his death in 1915. Headmaster Walter Burman, the visitor's guide, recalled that the lieutenant-governor won his B.A. degree in 1898, specializing in classics.

## Must Take Egyptian Name

Sixteen-year-old Saei Nasir Zulfikar, whom King Farouk will marry next year, will be known as Farid ("The Only One") a royal proclamation announcing the engagement said. The change was necessitated by the fact the name of the queen must be purely Egyptian, while Saei is of Persian origin.

## A Matter Of Opinion

Writer Says Ethiopia Unconquered Despite Italy's Claim To Conquer

Ludias Fargo, writing in the Valparaiso South Pacific Mail, says: Italy claims that Ethiopia has been conquered. This is not true. The Italians control the towns and the areas around the towns. The rest of the country is unconquered. Only twenty miles from Deaysa a strong Ethiopian force commands the main road from Asmara to Addis Ababa. No Italian vehicle can pass.

All over the country bands of native irregulars, sometimes only fifty strong, are harassing the Italians. The "conquerors" can only move in large forces, accompanied by tanks and armored cars, through country previously reconnoitered by airplanes. I learn from a well-informed source that more Italians have been killed since the war officially ended than were killed during the war itself.

New troops are constantly arriving in Ethiopia. These reinforcements consist mostly of older men. Each troop-ship brings about 1,500 fresh Italian troops. They are immediately put on board a train for the interior.

Ethiopia is shut off from the outside world, and famine is sweeping the country. For two years during the war the crops were neglected. For two years most of them were left to rot. The peasants refuse to work in the regions occupied by the Italians. They are afraid to bring their products to the markets in the towns. A small expedition was sent out from Addis Ababa to requisition foodstuffs. It was attacked and annihilated. Not a man returned to Addis Ababa.

## Marking Borderline

Railway Erects 'Ever Sign' Where England And Scotland Meet

Passengers travelling by the London and northeastern coast route between England and Scotland will no longer have cause to wonder when they cross the border for the British and Irish railways have erected an unusual sign on either side of the main line route, indicating the actual borderline between the two countries.

The sign, 14 feet wide and nine feet high, is worded "Across the Border" at the top in yellow lettering on a black background. On one side of this lettering is the thistle of Scotland, in green and purple; on the other, the rose of England, in red and green.

Beneath the thistle is St. Andrew's Cross in blue and white, and below this, a Scottish unicorn (white and gold on black) with an arm pointing towards Scotland. The lettering "Scotland" is in black letters on a yellow background. Beneath the rose is St. George's cross in red and white, and the British lion rampant, in red and gold on black with a similar arm lettered "England."—Detroit Saturday Night.

## Pensions For The Blind

Ontario And Manitoba Have Arranged To Pay Pensions

An order-in-council providing for a system of pensions for blind persons became effective in Ontario as the provincial department of welfare moved to receive the pensions, at \$20 a month. The Dominion government will pay 75 per cent. of the cost. It was expected Ontario's share will be \$300,000 annually.

Applications will be received early in September by the age pensions committee, acting under the direction of the welfare department. The only qualification for a pension is that a man or woman must be totally blind. Payments were expected to be begun in September. It was announced Ontario municipalities would not have to bear any of the cost.

Manitoba started paying pensions to the blind Sept. 1 under terms of legislation passed by the federal government at the last session.

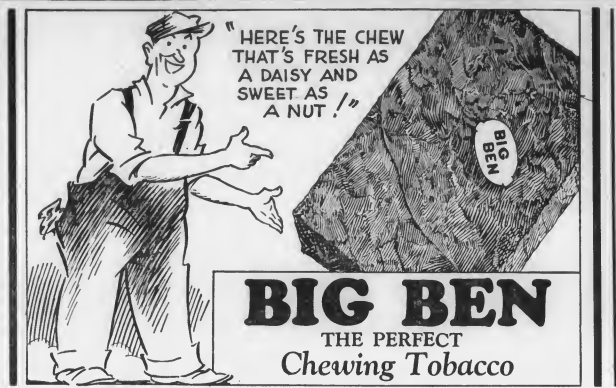
All blind persons more than 40 years of age will receive pensions of \$20 a month. The Dominion government will pay 75 per cent. of the cost and the Manitoba government the balance.

"Fog bows" sometimes are visible during fogs, but, due to the smallness of the water drops, these bows are white, instead of brilliantly colored.

The quality of the sleep we enjoy is more important than the quantity. Slumber disturbed by dreams is a sign that the brain is still active.

The folding fan was invented in the seventh century by an ingenious Japanese artist, who got the idea from observing a bat closing its wings.

The bicycle sulky still in use in harness racing made its first appearance in 1860.



**"HERE'S THE CHEW THAT'S FRESH AS A DAISY AND SWEET AS A NUT!"**

**BIG BEN**  
THE PERFECT Chewing Tobacco

## A Giant Locomotive

Germany Claims It Is Fastest In The World

A new giant locomotive of revolutionary design has been completed by the Borsig Locomotive Works of Berlin. During trial runs, the giant on rails attained a maximum speed of 125 m.p.h., which makes her the fastest steam engine of the world.

The machine is perfectly streamlined, even the view of the tracks before the boiler is under the protective casing included in a light metal casing to reduce wind resistance.

Contrary to standard locomotive design, the control stand for the first time has been placed in front of the boiler, so that engineers have an unobstructed view of the tracks before them, a point which is claimed to be absolutely essential at over 120 miles per hour. The smoke stack protrudes from the rear of the monster to which the coal tender is coupled.

Coal dust in the first time in German railroad history being used in this engine to heat the boiler. With this new system, the works engineers claim, the engine can be steamed up for work within half the time necessary to prepare standard type coal burning engine. Most of the work heretofore done by firemen is performed by a mechanical transport band which automatically feeds the exact quantity of coal dust which the fire needs in order to keep steam at required pressure.

The coal dust is obtained by simply pulverizing ordinary coal. On its way from tender to the engine's fire chamber the coal dust is automatically heated up to 176 degrees Fahrenheit before a blower finally hurries it directly into the fire.

## A National Asset

Retention Of Conservative Leadership By Mr. Bennett Cause Of Satisfaction

However much they differ, and notwithstanding, on political issues, there is no seriously-minded Canadian who does not welcome the news that Mr. Bennett has decided to retain his place in Canadian public life.

The improved state of Mr. Bennett's health after his visit to this side of the Atlantic is happily most apparent, and his supporters had no hesitation in rejecting his offer to resign the Conservative leadership if that step were desired. His political associates naturally rejoice at the fact that (in the words of their reaction) Mr. Bennett's health makes it possible for him to continue to give his "great talents and unrivalled experience of public affairs" to the service of his party and the country.

But the satisfaction goes far beyond the members of the Conservative party. It is a national asset to have a man like Mr. Bennett still directly associated with public life. This question of leadership having been settled, the Conservatives of Canada will no doubt now set themselves to face the new issues which new times have brought—Canada's Weekly (London).

## Problem For Airmen

Plane Could Sink Battleship If Enough Explosives Carried

Found—An admiral is willing to concede that aeroplanes can sink battleships.

There's a catch to it, however, for Rear-Admiral W. T. Cluett, newly-appointed commander of the Philadelphia Navy Yard, says the aeroplanes must first get enough explosives close enough to the ship to send it to the bottom. That's the big problem for the airmen.

"You can't load an aeroplane down with enough explosives to put a dent in a vessel's side and then send it 1,000 miles out to sea to look for a ship," he maintains.

The Chinese dolphin, though blind, is able to catch and devour fish that have normal eyesight.

## ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

## FRUIT RELISH

10 ripe peaches  
6 ripe pears  
16 ripe tomatoes  
6 cups white sugar  
2 teaspoons salt  
2 red peppers  
2 teaspoons allspice  
2 teaspoons cinnamon  
4 cups vinegar

Wash vegetables and fruit. Blanch tomatoes and peaches and remove skins. Peel pears and remove tongue and seeds from peppers. Chop all (not too finely) and add sugar, vinegar, spices and salt. Boil slowly for two hours. Seal while hot in sterilized jars.

## DINNER MENU

Liver Casserole  
Baked potatoes  
Creamed carrots  
Brown bread and butter  
Apple crumb pudding

This menu is inexpensive, tasty, easily prepared and high in food value. All six foodstuffs are represented. Recipes will be sent on request if you write to Alice Stevens and mention this paper.

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service, Pentlith, B.C., for free advice on home cooking and household problems. (Please mention this paper).

## None In Canada

Precautions Being Taken Against Invasion Of Japanese Beetles

Canadian entomologists have been on the hunt for Japanese beetles and are pleased they have found none in Canada. The pests have spread over large areas in the United States and done extensive damage to fruit and other trees.

It was feared they would shortly invade Canada and precautions were taken to fight any invasion from the start. So far none have been found although the discovery of two of the beetles on the deck of a ship arriving at Yarmouth, N.S., recently gave rise to some alarm.

Words pronounced alike but spelled differently and with different meanings are called homonyms.

Deep-sea diving is perhaps the only profession in which it is customary to begin at the top and work down.

## Hoarded Gold

United States Makes Midas Look Like An Amateur

If you were to dig a hole—as you have, indirectly—in order to bury some twelve and one-half billions of dollars in gold, you might have some curiosity as to the bulk and weight of the treasure. The gold which the United States has accumulated is in bullion and coins and occupies more space in the Fort Knox subterranean chambers than it would if it were melted and consolidated into a solid block.

The Wall Street Journal has given an estimating attention to this cache. It says that if the gold which Uncle Sam has buried, as a squirrel may conceal a nut, were melted and poured into one block it would form a cube a little less than 27 feet three inches high and wide. It would fill Secretary Morgenthau's office in the Treasury Building way up to the decorated ceiling. It would be a heavy block, weighing 12,117.5 tons or (if you care to multiply) 24,235,000 pounds. It is, all but literally, enough gold to "sink a battleship," though it may occupy limited space.

It is a hole in the ground, and the buttercups may grow above. It is there to serve a purpose in being out of sight. Uncle Sam may smile and remark that Midas and Siegfried were amateurs—Oakland, Calif., Tribune.

## Same For Centuries

Temperature Of Curative Waters At Swiss Spa Never Changes

The Tamins gorge near Ragaz Spa is one of the strange examples of erosion in the Swiss Alps, and at the same time more or less mysterious. The curative waters flow from a crevice in the rocks at the rate of 10,000 quarts per minute, at a temperature of 93.5 degrees Fahrenheit. No change has been noticed in all the centuries during which the spa has been visited by recreation seekers.

An ounce or more of salt is required daily by the average dairy cow. Rock salt should be placed where the cow can lick it at will.



**TRY THIS NEW WAXED TISSUE PACK**

**PRESTO-PACK**

YOU'LL be delighted with the flat pack of waxed paper for kitchen use. Just hang it up on the wall. The pull one sheet at a time as you require it. You can't pull it away because of the ingenious way it's packed.

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## Disallowance Of Alberta Measure Is Printed In Gazette

Ottawa.—All question of the effectiveness of the Dominion government's action in disallowing the three acts of the Alberta legislature aimed at vesting in the province control of bankers was set at rest by the Canada Gazette.

The proclamation appeared over the name of Lieutenant-Governor J. C. Bowen of Alberta. In this way the courts of the land are officially notified of the status of those provincial enactments, and, in the opinion of the law officers of the crown, all legal formalities have now been observed.

Earlier in the week the question arose as to the standing of the Dominion's disallowance decision, having regard to the fact that Premier William Aberhart of Alberta had not published it in the Royal Gazette of the province. It had been further inferred that Mr. Aberhart did not contemplate such publication.

It was then established that the same purpose could be fulfilled by proclaiming the disallowance in the Canada Gazette at Ottawa, and that such proclamation carried the same weight and authority.

A precedent for this action already existed. The government of Sir John A. Macdonald had once disallowed Quebec provincial statutes. The provincial government would not accept the decision of the Dominion administration and refused to advise the lieutenant-governor to proclaim it.

The procedure taken follows that taken by the Macdonald government, and with the disallowance proclaimed through the Dominion's own instrument, the Canada Gazette, compliance was made with necessary legal requirements.

The proclamation recites that on Aug. 10 the acts in question were received by the deputy of the governor-general, Rt. Hon. Sir Lyman Poore Duff, chief justice of Canada.

On that day the privy council met at Ottawa and received from Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice, a memorandum wherein the minister recommended to council that the legislation be disallowed. The privy council concurred in the minister's view, and the disallowance was decided upon.

In the archaic language in which such formal actions are couched the proclamation sets forth that the Dominion's stand has received royal approval. So far as the Dominion government is concerned, the proclamation writes "finis" to the legislation.

### To Visit Hitler

Rome.—Premier Mussolini will visit Chancellor Hitler at Berchtesgaden, Bavaria, probably Sept. 25, and participate in Nazi celebrations at Munich on the following day, qualified sources indicated. These statements were considered a confirmation of unofficial predictions Mussolini would leave for Germany this month.

### Famous Ship

London.—One of the most famous old ships in the world, the Discovery, in which Scott made his first Antarctic expedition in 1901, is now moored alongside the Victoria Embankment.

## Japan Finds Itself Engaged In Greater War Than Expected

Shanghai.—Japan rapidly finds itself engaged in military operations in China far beyond the scope it is believed originally to have intended when at Lukouchiao on July 7 the incident occurred that precipitated invasion of the northern Chinese provinces.

Fighting rages along the northern front, from the Mongolian plain to the Yellow sea, and on a widening stretch of the Great Yangtze delta around Shanghai.

Besides the present fighting fronts in North China and at Shanghai, Sino-Japanese conflict appears to be impending at Tsingtao, on the Shanghai coast, Maoy, Foochow, Swatow and Canton, along the southern coast; whence all Japanese residents have been withdrawn. Canton has already felt the Japanese attack from the air.

All these cities are of economic and strategic importance, Tsingtao until this week held the largest single Japanese population in China, after Shanghai. It is the gate to the rich province of Shantung.

### Spread Of Paralysis

Measures Taken By Toronto Health Authorities To Curb Disease

Toronto.—Measures taken by Toronto health authorities to restrict the spread of infantile paralysis have been approved by the council of the Academy of Medicine, Dr. Gordon Jackson, medical health officer, told the board of control.

Twenty-seven leading physicians attended a meeting of the council. Dr. Jackson reported, and decided "that any future developments could safely be left in the hands of the municipal authorities." The council in a statement said there was no undue cause for alarm.

The board of control met as the number of cases here rose from 294 to 313. The death in London of William Marr, 20, the fourth in that city, raised the death toll for the province to 32.

### To Protect Germans

Army Prepared To Defend National Living Abroad

Stuttgart, Germany.—"Our army is prepared to defend not only the reich, but also all Germans living in foreign lands," General Hermann Goering told the congress for Germans living abroad.

Discussing attacks on Germany minority organizations in foreign countries, Goering asserted the troubles laid at the door of Germans were provoked by propaganda agents in the pay of "unbelievable" Russia. Goering emphasized that rich business men had been instructed not to employ any Jewish commercial representatives abroad. Immediate reprisals against Jews residing in Germany would result should foreign Jews retaliate with a boycott, he said.

### Saunders Estate

Developer Of Marquis Wheat Leaves Legacy To University

London, Ont.—Of the \$132,648 estate left by Sir Charles Saunders, famed developer of Marquis wheat, approximately one-half will ultimately be distributed among the University of Toronto, University of Western Ontario, Metropolitan United Church, Toronto, and the Toronto General hospital.

Life income on half the estate will go to four friends and after their death to the four institutions.

### Alberta Farm Debts

Reduced By Large Amount Under Farmers' Creditors' Act

Edmonton.—Total of \$4,959,140 has been slashed from the debts of 1,457 Alberta farmers reviewed under the Farmers' Creditors' Arrangement Act since late in 1934, according to report of the registrar up to Aug. 30, released here.

Total debt involved in the cases reviewed was \$13,482,453, the report showed, leaving \$8,523,313 still to be paid.

Full sittings of the review board will open in Edmonton Sept. 13.

### Has Come Into Force

Canada's Trade Agreement With United Kingdom Now Effective

Ottawa.—The trade agreement between the United Kingdom and Canada, effective from Sept. 1, assured to Great Britain reductions in the British preferential tariff on 179 items. These include textiles, glass tableware, iron and steel, including machinery, vacuum cleaners, and sewing machines, enamelled ware and electrical goods. Reductions were also made on leather, boots and shoes, on many paper products, paints and varnishes, earthenware, canned fish, soaps, brushes and silversware.

Britain was guaranteed against preferential tariff increases in 246 items of the Canadian tariff, and against decrease in preference margins on 91 items.

The agreement, which replaced the original agreement of 1932, will remain in force until Aug. 20, 1940. After that date it will be subject to termination at any time after six months' notice.

### Radio Interference

Radio Fans At Chesterfield Inlet Lodge Complain

Aboard S.S. Nascope in Hudson Bay.—Radio fans met the visitors who landed here at Chesterfield Inlet from the Nascope with an emphatic complaint about interference with CKY from Winnipeg by CRCM of Montreal. These stations have the same wave length on the assumption they are far enough apart not to interfere with each other. But they are both heard distinctly at Chesterfield.

"We get all the European stations on long wave," they said. "We hear the British stations splendidly. However, they do not interfere because they are mostly over when Canadian and United States stations start coming. A Mexican station also interferes with CKY."

### To Boost League

To Be Built Into Effective Instrument Of Peace

Ottawa.—To help build the League of Nations' Society into an effective instrument for peace action in Canada, all of the 1,180 branches of the Canadian league are being urged to become members and lend their support. Brig.-Gen. Alex. Ross of Yorkton, Sask., Dominion president, announced at the organization meeting here of the steering committee of the society's council of national participating organizations.

The steering committee unanimously adopted a recommendation that the 35 other national participating organizations take similar action.

### Believe Vessel Lost

Fear Vancouver Ship Was Caught In Typhoon

Vancouver.—Shipping circles here feared that the Bonington Court may have been one of many ships reported to have foundered in a typhoon that struck Hong Kong. Reports from Hong Kong said a ship named "Bong Court," had sunk in Hong Kong harbor when the typhoon struck. It was believed here the ship was the Bonington Court, under charter to the Canadian Transport Company of Vancouver.

### NEW PHOTOGRAPH OF CHINESE DICTATOR



Here is an excellent new photo of Chiang Kai-Shek, President of the executive Yuan and Chinese Dictator, taken as he posed for an official state photograph at the national government headquarters in Nanking.

### SERIOUSLY WOUNDED



Sir Hugh Knatchbull-Hugessen, British Ambassador to China, who was seriously wounded by machine gun bullets directed at his automobile from Japanese aeroplanes. This incident may cause severe international complications between Great Britain and Japan.

### Transplant Eskimos

Moved To New Settlement Where Game More Plentiful

Aboard S.S. Nascope.—A healthy and happy group of Eskimos greeted the royal mail steamer Nascope when the far-northern supply ship entered Arctic Bay. It demonstrated to Canadian government officials the wisdom of transplanting Eskimo bands when food supplies run low.

The Eskimos were moved a year ago to a new settlement on Arctic Bay, off Admiralty Inlet on the extreme northern tip of Baffin Island. They came originally from the north shore of Hudson Straits where the seals were scarce. They were settled at Arctic Bay after a year at Dundas harbor, Devon Island, farther to the north.

### United States Seaman Dies

Was Wounded When Chinese War Planes Bombed Liner

Shanghai.—S. M. Haskell, United States seaman aboard the liner President Hoover, died of leg and stomach wounds suffered when the liner was bombed by Chinese war planes.

The Chinese national government at Nanking accepted full responsibility for the bombing of the United States liner, President Hoover.

"The incident was a most regrettable, unfortunate mistake by a Chinese pilot," the Chinese foreign office announced.

"The government is willing to make full redress."

### Air Post Appointment

Montreal.—Philip G. Johnson, vice-president in charge of operations, Trans-Canada Air Lines, announced appointment of D. R. MacLaren as assistant to the vice-president, and D. B. Colyer as chief technical adviser with headquarters at Winnipeg. Wing Commander MacLaren's headquarters will be in Montreal.

## Forest Fires Cause Heavy Damage In Red Lake Mining Area

### Increase In Employment

Forward Movement Started At First Of Year Continues

Ottawa.—Moderate improvement in employment throughout Canada was recorded by the Dominion bureau of statistics during the month of July. This was a continuation of a forward movement which has prevailed generally since the first of the year. Payrolls of 10,320 reporting firms showed 1,143,109 persons employed on Aug. 1, against 1,134,466 on July 1.

The bureau's index number based on the year 1926 at 100 rose to 119.1 in July to 120.0 at the beginning of August. It was then more than 14 points above the same date in 1936.

The beginning of August is usually a time of increased employment and this year's advance was approximately the normal one. The index number, adjusted for seasonal influences, showed no change from July and stood at 114.9, a higher level than at any date since the beginning of 1930.

Reviewing the year to date the bureau notes a general employment gain of 15.6 per cent. from Jan. 1 to Aug. 1, an advance much greater than the average of 10.4 per cent. in the years 1921 to 1936 between the same dates. Only in 1922, 1926, 1928 and 1929 was the percentage from year's to midsummer greater than this year.

The improvement during 1937 has been widely distributed, both geographically and industrially.

### May Deport French

Spanish Insurgents Say Action May Be Taken In Retaliation

St. Jean-De-Luz, France.—Spanish insurgent sources said all French residents had been warned to be ready to leave insurgent Spanish territory on 24 hours' notice.

General Franco was reported to be considering the expulsion of all Frenchmen in retaliation for France's action in ousting a group of Spanish insurgents living along the French Basque coast.

French police ordered out nine Spanish insurgents August 19 and indicated there would be other expulsions.

The action was taken after what was termed the "kidnapping" of a Spanish government oil tanker in French waters by young insurgents and other purported evidence of illegal insurgent activity in France.

## Disastrous Typhoon At Hong Kong Takes Hundreds Of Lives

Hong Kong.—Fire, caused by a disastrous typhoon, raged through Hong Kong after a 125-mile-an-hour wind had taken hundreds of lives ashore and at sea.

The death toll, steadily rising, was believed to have passed 500. Officials expressed fear it would mount into thousands.

A wide area of this British crown colony was devastated and waist-deep in water.

Large and small ships were piled up on the sea wall and strewn in the submerged waterfront streets.

Distress calls from foundering ships poured in from all sides.

Shipping suffered particularly heavily in the gale, one of the worst in Hong Kong's history, because the harbor is thronged with refugee-laden ships from the Shanghai war zone and steamships that have taken haven from the Japanese coastal blockade.

One of the foundered steamships was the liner Hunan, carrying 1,200 Chinese refugees from the Shanghai sector.

Weather observers gave up their attempt to measure the force of the typhoon after instruments showed it reached a 125-mile-an-hour velocity.

For six hours the storm raged, accompanied by a torrent that flooded all the low level streets.

The 4,852-ton Dutch liner Van Heutz was a total loss. Two of the largest ships in the harbor, the 18,765-ton Lloyd Triestino liner Conte Verde and the 16,975-ton Japanese liner Asama Maru, were swept ashore.

Two British ships, the Mausang off

Winnipeg.—Reports of damage mounting into thousands of dollars reached Winnipeg from the Red Lake mining area of northwestern Ontario, 175 miles northeast of here, where forest fires hit six settlements before being checked by rain.

Full extent of damage by the fires that raged five days over 15 square miles until rain checked them has not yet been determined, but reports said no lives were lost, although many were homeless. About 30 log-type buildings were reported burned.

Points affected were the Cole gold mines, the village of Cole, the May-Spiers mine, the Middle Bay mine and two other smaller settlements. Scattered fires are still burning.

The May-Spiers gold mine, closed down for the fall, the Middle Bay gold mine and camp buildings of the Cole gold mines were burned, said James Sandwell of Red Lake in a message here.

"The main fire started some distance from the Cole gold mine and within 24 hours swept over five square miles into the village," he said.

The fire spread toward the May-Spiers mine, over 300-foot Cole mountain and wiped out the home of John Y. Cole, manager of the mine bearing his name, just one day after its construction had been completed.

The first spread toward the May-Spiers property, burning homes and the May-Spiers mine. On the north side of Pipestone Bay, a sudden change of wind prevented destruction of the post office and general store owned by Gordon Sheahan, Dr. Daniel G. Revell's home and Wings, Limited, radio station.

Mr. Sandwell said residents quit the fire zone and moved what belongings they could on to scores. It could not be learned whether the homeless went to Red Lake, 25 miles east of Cole, or whether they found shelter closer at hand.

The village of Cole was established in 1925 by John Y. Cole, whose father was one of the first mining prospectors to go into the Roseland, B.C. areas many years ago.

### Hot Summer In Quebec

Quebec.—Figures from the Quebec observatory revealed that this summer was the hottest in 57 years in Quebec district. Average temperatures for June, July and August were 63.4, 70.1 and 69.9 respectively.

### Win Holstein Award

Toronto.—Hayes Alameda, entry of Hayes and Company, Calgary, won the reserve junior championship for Holsteins at the Canadian National Exhibition livestock show.

and Boong Court, and the Chinese Queton were reported sunk. The British steamships Lyeemoo, Kalgan and Kwangchow, the Norwegian freighter Produce and the Chinese Shinglee were pounded ashore.

British police and revenue officers, heroically forming a human lifeline strung together with ropes, rescued the crews of many smaller stranded ships and hundreds of Chinese refugees.

The downtown area of Hong Kong was demolished as completely as if it had been bombed. Streets were littered with the debris of shattered windows, collapsed walls, blown-down signs and the wrecks of automobiles.

Fifty Chinese were reported to have been killed almost instantly when a block of buildings collapsed at Tai Po. Along the coast at Macao serious damage was done, particularly to the picturesque colony of boat dwellers.

The 2,000-ton coastal steamer Ance was carried a block into the city by the boiling sea. It collided with the British cruiser Suffolk and the destroyers Duchess and Diamond, before it was picked up like a piece of driftwood and deposited stern first on Praya roadways.

The storm added horror to the city's battle against a cholera epidemic in which 219 persons died last week out of 374 reported cases. Communications with Shanghai were cut off.



## THE COLEMAN JOURNAL

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Published Every Thursday at Coleman, Alberta. Membership in Canadian  
Weekly Newspapers Association and Alberta Div. C.W.N.A.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1937

## COURAGE!

“TO ENGAGE in what is commonly known as “business” requires courage. There is no more certainty of gain in industry than in agriculture. At every step of the way, in financing, in production, in distribution, in selling, there are obstacles to be met and risks to be run. Success demands knowledge and foresight, of course, but it demands too, the stout-hearted courage that, seeing the risks, is yet willing to back the judgment and the enterprise in hand, whatever it may be, can be done.”—J. J. Pelly, President of the Association of American Railroads.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS

THE SUMMER holiday season is over, except for those belated individuals who from choice or necessity take holidays in September. Some left here last Saturday night for Vancouver, where the summer lingers a little longer than on this slope of the Rockies. They will enjoy the flowers, the sea and the sunshine of September on the Pacific coast.

IN RECENT years the railroads have reduced fares to such an extent that many prairie-dwellers to whom a trip to Vancouver was rather forbidding as to cost, find it possible now to spend a holiday there. They enjoy the change of getting down to the sea, and of enjoying the scenery as the trains travel over the mountain section. If all the people could mingle with each other of the nine Canadian provinces, what a broader outlook would prevail in dealing with provincial and national problems. Many children in Saskatchewan have never seen the sea and have little likelihood under existing conditions in that province. Albertans are more fortunate, even though the false promises of \$25 monthly never materialize.

OVER THE WEEK-END there was more than the usual number of automobile accidents. Traffic usually is heavier on Saturday nights, raising lots of dust which is a source of danger. One car plunged over a guard rail of a bridge because of blinding headlights of another car. Another smashed into the rocks of the Frank slide while the driver was attempting to fix the accelerator without stopping. Accidents occur with increased frequency because cars travel at faster speeds than when Model T Fords were the vogue. This should emphasize the necessity of far greater care being exercised by drivers.

TOWN DWELLERS are relieved from some of the dust nuisance since partial surfacing of the roads was completed. There could be further relief if some drivers would reduce their speed. This town is not so large that it requires 40 to 50 per hour speeds to reach any part of it, and those who stir up a cloud of dust have little regard of the nuisance they make of themselves. Courtesy should not be overlooked just because one drives a car.

A RECENT VISIT to the cemetery revealed that owners of plots in which loved ones are buried have cause for indignation. Several plots in which gardens had been planted and tended with loving hands, were desecrated by the trampling of cows, their hoofmarks being noticeable and flowers and shrubs trampled and destroyed. There may have been carelessness in a gate being left open, or a fence may have been broken down. Whatever the cause, it should be investigated and steps taken to prevent a recurrence. The cemetery and the town hall plot are the only two spots which might be considered the care of the municipality, and they should be kept presentable at all times. The town hall plot is well cared for and even the dogs that trespass get a hot shot where the hair is short if caught there. Why not have more care provided for the cemetery? A little organized effort on the part of the people would meet the small cost that might be involved.

THE BANKS have decided to meet Father Aberhart's diatribes against them by a series of broadcasts to inform the people of the truth concerning banks and their functions. Many false statements have been made concerning banks. Back in 1920 in the United States there was a campaign against banks started for political reasons, possibly in much the same manner as Alberta is now experiencing. Here is a part of the bankers' reply:

“The way to combat falsehood is with truth—not with in difference, not with hysterical recriminations that only endanger a blind hatred that shuts out all reason. If malicious and misleading ideas are being circulated about bankers, it is clearly the duty of bankers to be equally diligent in the dissemination of truth. The public must be taught a proper conception of what the functions of banking really are and the important part that it plays in the prosperity of the community. The shroud of mystery which has surrounded the business of lending credit must be removed. Bankers have nothing to fear from the truth.”

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## UNITED CHURCH

With the various organizations announcing their regular meetings, the United church is settling down to the regular routine of the autumn and winter schedule.

The request for flowers for “Flower Sunday” resulted in a miniature flower show. Not only was the church beautified, but the advance in flower culture in the community was very evident. The thanks of the congregation are extended to all who sent flowers.

At least twenty kindergarten chairs are needed for the primary department of the Sunday school. Anyone interested is asked to donate the price of a chair or a chair. Donations may be given to Mr. J. M. Allan.

The regular services will be held again on Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The school will meet after the morning service.

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# The Facts About Banking in Canada

Reproduced from the First Broadcast in a Series by Vernon Knowles for the Chartered Banks of Canada and Delivered Over a Province-Wide Network of Alberta Stations on Tuesday Evening, September 7th, from 10:15 to 10:30, and Wednesday, September 8th, in the Daytime from 1:15 to 1:30.

## Opening Broadcast Describes Meaning of Credit ... Tells What a Bank Is ... Outlines Subjects of Further Talks...Will Discuss Cries of "Monopoly" and Who Owns the Banks

Canada's Chartered Banks, through me, will tell you the facts about Canadian Banks and the banking system in a series of non-political, non-controversial broadcasts of which this is the first. There are many misconceptions and misapprehensions abroad regarding banks and banking. We believe that those who criticize the banks are thoroughly sincere and it is our hope that, as we proceed to present the true story of Canadian banking, we also shall be given credit for complete sincerity.

Certainly there is a widespread intelligence and an inquiring spirit alive in Alberta and a genuine desire on the part of the people at large to obtain the facts. Many important questions have been raised and we intend to supply answers which are truthful and accurate. Intelligent people prefer to have all the facts and then to form their own judgments, so we have good reason for the belief that we shall have lots of listeners.

The explanations that we intend to give in regard to Canadian banking are offered in response to a very evident and definite public demand and I must repeat that we are not fighting, nor resisting, nor affiliating with any political party. Canada's Chartered Banks do not aim at controversy and will present their story without heat or recrimination, for any case that needs abuse of others to support it must be a weak case indeed.

One of the leading questions in regard to banking is, of course, the question of credit. Let us illustrate credit to you briefly, for it is wrongly claimed that we enjoy a monopoly of the right to extend credit. Of course, we do not. We do not have a monopoly, even of banking. Any group of responsible people, in West or East, can start a bank. We shall tell you about that in detail, in a later broadcast. Manufacturers extend credit to wholesalers. Wholesalers extend credit to retail dealers. Merchants and retailers extend credit to customers. Canada's Chartered Banks furnish short-term credit to facilitate production, to move and market that production and to transfer goods and services.

Soon the Alberta farmers will be hauling wheat to the elevators. If they had to wait until the grain reached Liverpool, and the money to come back before they got their cash, it would be a long wait — but bank credit is what enables them to get their cash at the line elevators right away. Individuals lend money to each other — the successful farmer lends money to his neighbour.

Let us take the case of two neighbouring farmers. Harry Brown, we shall say, has \$500 in a Savings Account in his nearest branch of a Chartered Bank. His neighbour, William Jones, is a good farmer without ready money, who feels that if he had \$250 he could buy hogs, feed them up, sell them and make a little profit; so he goes to Harry Brown and asks if his neighbour will trust him with a loan of \$250.

Mr. Brown, knowing that Mr. Jones is a decent chap, and trustworthy, and that he will get his money back with a little "rent" on it, goes to the bank, draws \$250 of his \$500 and hands it to his neighbour. Mr. Jones buys the hogs, feeds them up, sells them, makes his profit and pays Harry Brown back his \$250 with the agreed rent to boot.

If Mr. Jones had not known a neighbour both able and willing to help him, the Manager of his nearest bank would have been found, in the same circumstances, a neighbour on whom Mr. Jones could call with confidence — in other words, he could have got his loan of \$250 from the Bank.

It is the deposits such as Harry Brown's \$500 that furnish the major basis of Canadian bank credit. Harry Brown is only one of over three million nine hundred thousand savings bank depositors in Canada, who have on deposit in the Chartered Banks the striking total of more than One Billion Five Hundred and Seventy Millions of Dollars. The fact is that the vast sums which are employed in building up this country have their main source in the collective savings of thousands of people in all walks of life, who, through their work and thrift, have been able to build up small deposits.

The average savings deposit in the Canadian Chartered Banks is around \$380. At least it was \$380 on October 31st, 1936, as shown in an official return to Parliament. These returns are made periodically to the Government and to the Bank of Canada. They are sworn statements by the bank and are made public to Parliament and in the newspapers. If a bank Manager should make a false return, he can be sent to jail. Such penalties are provided in the Bank Act.

How did Harry Brown get the \$500 which he has on deposit in the Bank? Let us say he got it by raising wheat. He probably started as a homesteader, watering his \$10 that he could make a success of it and, after three years of hard work, get his patent. This he did; and he earned his \$500 by the sweat of his brow, having overcome the early hardships of homesteading.

That \$500 was one deposit that did not come from a loan. When I speak of the hardships of homesteading in this wonderful western land I speak with feeling, sympathy and understanding for I myself, in 1909, took up a homestead some seventy miles north from Bassano and had to make my way to that homestead, not very far from the Hand Hills District by ox team. That was before the Goose Lake Line of the Canadian Northern, now the Canadian National, was built through from Saskatoon.

I know what drought is, for that year we had no rain and no crop in a considerable area between the Bull Pound and the Berry Creeks. I used to stand on some high land on my place and watch the little rain storms travelling down the Creeks on either side of me, seven or eight miles

away, without a drop falling upon the parched piece of ground that I was trying to farm. Typhoid fever, alone on the prairie, with my nearest neighbour miles away, made it physically impossible for me to continue homesteading.

In the West, I feel that I am talking to folks I know. From the homestead I went into western newspaper work, serving as a reporter in Prince Albert, Saskatoon, Regina and Winnipeg; and also as an Editor in Winnipeg; so you see it was on these Western Plains that my career had its beginning and so it is that I speak to you not only as a bank official to-night. I speak to you too as one who knows your hardships from the experience of a settler, one who has a real, abiding, sympathetic understanding of the people and problems of this Province.

I do not mention these things by way of boasting. It is my hope that I shall be looked upon largely as one of you. I have found that financiers do not fear the open spaces. Proper, orderly, safe banking, essential to safe-guarding the depositors' funds, is a full-time job; no Bank Manager, or bank executive, can do full justice to his work and find time to stomp the country with a view to informing the public. So the presenting of our facts simply, freely, plainly and accurately has become my work. It is wrong to say that bankers care nothing about the public's goodwill. It is because they do care that I am here — as an official representing Canada's Chartered Banks.

I have spoken to you about Harry Brown and William Jones, the two neighbouring farmers, and I have told you how credit operated between them. Let me turn to another illustration of Bank credit. I want to tell you a true story which arose in an Alberta town only a few months ago which goes to show how bank credit extended to a merchant benefits the consumer.

I was talking to the Bank Manager in whose branch this circumstance arose and he said to me: "Bank credit helps everybody in this country." Without mentioning any names he told me of a credit of \$3,000 extended to a merchant the day before. The banker said to me: "This man wanted \$3,000 to meet a number of bills on each of which he would be allowed, by his wholesalers, 5% discount (a saving of \$150) if paid before the tenth of the month. I asked him," said the banker, "How long he wanted the money for, and the merchant said, 'Thirty days.' I asked him how he expected to be able to pay it back in the thirty days and the merchant replied, 'Because of this discount and my normal profit I can put on a sale, reduce my prices to the public, attract new customers, create goodwill, get my money out and repay the Bank.'"

Continuing, this Bank Manager said to me: "What is the matter with bank credit there? For a matter of \$15.00 paid to the bank as 'rent' on the money the merchant saves \$150 on his bills and passes part of the saving on to the public."

I think everybody really knows at heart and will readily admit, that the man, woman or child who has a savings deposit in a bank must, at any time, be able to go to the bank in full confidence that he or she can draw out that deposit in full and with interest. No bank can say to a depositor who wants his money in a hurry: "Oh, Mr. Jones, you cannot have that money for we lent the credit based upon it to others without security and we cannot get it back." If you are a depositor you know just how you would feel in a case like that.

What is a Bank? Above all things a Bank is a place where you or your children can go and deposit your money with absolute assurance that any time you demand it you can get it back in full, intact and with interest.

I want to give you the words of the late Lord Snowden, formerly Phillip Snowden, the great Socialist Chancellor of the Exchequer in Britain's Labour Government which was headed by Ramsey MacDonald. Lord Snowden, in 1935, said: "If the Banks were nationalized they would have to be managed as they are now if their solvency was to be maintained."

In later broadcasts of this series, you may hear from some Alberta Branch Bank Managers who have been your co-workers, neighbours, fellow-citizens and friends for ten, fifteen, twenty or thirty years, perhaps even longer. We shall show you how banks are formed, who owns them, what they do, what they can do, as well as what they cannot do, and why. We shall explain their responsibilities. We intend to discuss their part in the community. The "thin air" or fountain pen theory of money will be one of our subjects. We shall discuss "credit" at greater length. We will tell you about the earnings of banks. And we shall deal in greater detail with that cry of "monopoly." We shall discuss the story that we are part of "An International Ring."

No business in all Canada operates under such strict rules, such constant governmental supervision and such close parliamentary scrutiny as do Canada's Chartered Banks. These are some of the things that we shall touch upon further as we proceed. I trust indeed that you will continue to lend us a listening ear, for Canada's Chartered Banks have confidence in the fairness of people who seek the facts and think for themselves.

You may obtain a printed copy of this broadcast at your nearest branch of any of Canada's Chartered Banks. Any member of the staff will be glad to hand you a copy personally or you may have one mailed to you by writing your nearest bank.

We shall be on the air again at 1:15 to 1:30 to-morrow afternoon over this same network and every Tuesday evening and Wednesday midday until this series of short talks about banking is completed. You have been listening to Vernon Knowles, representing Canada's Chartered Banks.

Watch for Announcement Giving Dates and Times of Second Broadcast.  
This and Future Addresses Will Be Reproduced in This Paper.

### Local News

Miss Gladys Lees spent the week-end in Lethbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Wynndham Jones left on Sunday for Vancouver.

Mrs. Jack Hirst and Donald are spending a few weeks at the coast visiting with Mrs. Joe Borden.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Creagan and family were the guests of Mrs. William Burrows over the week-end.

Mrs. R. P. Borden and Dick left for Victoria, B.C., on Tuesday morning. Dick is entering the University school in that city.

Victoria Rebekah Lodge, of Coleman and Blairmore Lodge were joint hostesses on Tuesday evening to Bellevue Rebekah Lodge and to the president of the Assembly of Alberta, Mrs. Jean Gordon, of Medicine Hat. Mrs. Wm. Oliver, of Blairmore, and Mrs. J. Lombury were the refreshment committee. During the evening Mrs. McKay, of Blairmore, presented Mrs. Gordon with a silver Coronation rose bowl.

Constable W. Ralph Bryenton, R.C.M.P., for over two years stationed at Blairmore sub-division, has been transferred to Fredericton, N.S., to take up his duties at the station of New Brunswick. He left on Monday. Originally from Prince Edward Island, he came west after working for a time in the provincial police of the Island, and was stationed at Lethbridge before coming to Blairmore. He was one of the "mounties" called out at the time of the riot in Regina.

### About Oil Product Prices

Throughout the last seven years of economic disturbance and price fluctuations, it is a fact that our products have been relatively lower in price than other commodities. For example, for more than 27 months in a quite recent period, the field or posted price of crude oil produced in the mid-continent and south-western areas was unchanged, except for small adjustments in fields with a limited supply. On January 9, 1936, prices were advanced throughout the region. In some fields the advance

was 10 cents a barrel, in others 15 cents.

During this period, and for some time before, the oil industry itself, co-operating with authorities in the principal oil-producing states, worked successfully to bring about a situation under which crude oil production was held to the market demand for it.

This is a policy in which the public interest is much concerned. On the one hand it means greater conservation of petroleum resources by keeping the crude in the ground until it is needed. It likewise effectively answers much of the agitation concerning oil product prices, much of it founded on misunderstanding, and some of it on misinformation. —B11.

Impressions made by beauty are more than skin deep.

People never credit a man's virtue as long as he has a vice.

HAY FOR SALE.—Timothy, Bromo, Wild Hay; baled and stored under cover, \$12.50 per ton, on my place, near the Green Creek Feed lots, near Hole, Twin Butte, Alta., Phone 1011.

### Support Home Industry

The Journal is a local concern, whose employees pay taxes and purchase their supplies in Coleman. It is well to remember this when outsiders solicit your printing advertisement. They pay no licence or taxes of any kind to this town or school district.

Born.—To Mr. and Mrs. Adam Pollock of Hillcrest on Tuesday, Sept. 7, twins, a boy and girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Cooley and baby left Sunday for a vacation at the coast.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Montalbetti and son were Travel visitors over the week-end where they attended the wedding of Mrs. Montalbetti's brother.

### Banks' Broadcasting Series Interesting

Canada's chartered banks through their public relations adviser, Vernon Knowles, are conducting a series of non-political, non-controversial radio broadcasts on the functions and operations of Canadian banks.

The first of the series was heard Tuesday night, Sept. 7. The addresses are being broadcast over an all-Alberta network Tuesday nights from 10:15 to 10:30 and Wednesdays in the day time from 1:15 to 1:30.

Mr. Knowles, who homesteaded in Alberta in 1909, is a former well known newspaperman, who has worked on several western daily newspapers. He was edi-

tor and manager of the Winnipeg Telegram and later managing editor of the Winnipeg Tribune. He has also served in the parliamentary press gallery at Ottawa and in the Press Galleries of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Ontario. He was editor and a member of the board of directors of the Toronto Mail and Empire from 1928 to 1932 and from 1933 to the end of last year was managing editor of the Toronto Daily Star. In January 1937 he assumed his present position.

In commenting on the forthcoming series of broadcasts Mr. Knowles laid particular stress upon the fact that they were designed to be completely non-political.

**Different**  
**Flavourful**  
**Smooth**  
**Mild**

**PHILIP MORRIS**

**FINE CUT**  
10c

**PHILIP MORRIS**  
**FINE CUT**  
15c 70c

ALSO IN POUCHES, HALF LB. TINS

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Pope Pius will give 300,000 lire (about \$15,780) for the relief of the children of Santander, insurgent military authorities said.

Two women were shot at Lenin-grad after a court martial convicted them of poisoning food at a children's home.

F. L. Hand and Son, Farmingdale, Sask., won first prize in the Canadian National exhibition honey competition for liquid honey, light, in one-pound jars. Toronto district exhibitors carried off other awards.

Victoria Chinese have subscribed \$12,500 in a campaign for funds to build the Chinese central government in its undeclared war with Japan. Mar Leung, campaign committee treasurer, said.

Three Moslems and a sheik were killed and many persons injured in religious rioting in the village of Jandila, Sherkan, in the Punjab, according to despatches reaching Lahore, India.

Twelve Protestant pastors were arrested on a recent Sunday as from confessional pulpits throughout Germany congregations were urged to fight against government encroachment in church affairs.

King Farouk will marry pretty Sasa Naaz, daughter of Yousef Bey Zulfikar, councillor of the Alexander mixed court of appeals, Nov. 2, in Abdin palace, Cairo. Farouk is 18, his bride-to-be, 16.

An increase of almost four per cent. was shown in bank debts, or the amount of cheques passed through banks, in the seven months ending July 31 against the same period in 1936, the Dominion bureau of statistics reports.

A writ issued at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, claimed \$1,854,577 from the estate of the late Robert Laidlaw, Toronto lumber merchant. The amount was sought as succession duties, penalties and interest due the Ontario government under the succession duty act.

**Duke Of Windsor's Crest**  
Edward, Duke of Windsor, has taken for his coat of arms the coronet of the Prince of Wales, with its Maltese cross and fleur-de-lis, surmounting a modern octagonal version of the heraldic "ribbon," which conventionalizes the ancient garter, symbol of the Knights of the Garter, by which order he belongs by right of birth.

In a report of the wedding of a sea-animal, the bride's dress was described as being of "mackerel maroon trimmed with silver scales." We understand that the bridegroom did not add to the picaresque effect by wearing a pair of white aprils.

A single star cluster, Messier 13, in the constellation of Mercury, is believed to contain at least 50,000 stars brighter than our sun.

## Health

### LEAGUE OF CANADA presents TOPICS OF VITAL INTEREST by DR. J. W. S. McCULLOUGH

#### ARTICLE No. 9

##### PREVENTION OF CANCER No. 1

In a watch-dial factory in Newark, N.J., a few years ago, 18 girls employed in the illuminating of watch dials with radium, were accustomed to shape the small brushes they used with their lips. In this way some of the radium was swallowed. It found its way to their bones and all of these girls subsequently developed sarcoma (a form of cancer) of the bones of the legs, pelvis and other parts of the bony framework. Such a serious accident is unlikely to happen again. Preventive measures now ensure the safety of such workers.

It is a lamentable fact that, all over the world, doctors see that the majority of cases of cancer at too late a date for effective treatment or at a stage when the final result is at least doubtful. The extraordinary results from the use of preventive measures in such affections as diphtheria, typhoid fever, infantile complaints, tuberculosis and the infectious generally, give encouraging results in efforts in the prevention of cancer. How may cancer be prevented and how again, may its ill-effects be mitigated?

1. By the avoidance of those irritants which are known to predispose to cancer.

2. By periodic health examination.

3. By education—

(a) of doctors

(b) of the general public

Avoid Irritants

It is well known that in respect at least to surface cancers, chronic irritation plays an extraordinary role. Tar, certain varieties of lubricating oils and a wide list of chemical compounds will excite the growth of cancer in certain animals.

The cancer-producing substance can now be removed from oils; tar workers can protect themselves by the use of gloves. In a hundred ways prevention may be applied against the ill-effects of irritants.

Next article: "Prevention of Cancer—No. 2." Periodic Health Examination.

Editorial Note: Readers desiring the complete set of Dr. McCullough's cancer articles at once may secure same by writing to: The Health League of Canada, 105 Bond St., Toronto, Ont.

## Study Of Suicide

Doctors Conclude That It Is A Disease That Is Preventable

An intensive three-year study of suicide, conducted under the auspices of the Boston City Hospital, was unveiled, yielding as its major conclusions that suicide is a disease which in a majority of cases is preventable. The study covered 1,147 patients admitted to the hospital after attempting suicide. Direct author of the report is Dr. Merrill Moore, associate in psychiatry, Harvard Medical School.

Regarding prevention of suicide, Dr. Moore listed three simple methods:

Talking to the individual concerned, allowing him to express some state of anxiety and then quietly discussing it with him.

Taking him out to dinner, a simple action, yet one, Dr. Moore said, that had been known to save a life.

An hour's conversation with a friend, physician or priest.

Among individual conclusions standing out in the report are:

More women attempt suicide than men;

More men are successful in killing themselves;

Few persons, apparently, attempt suicide on a full stomach;

Poison is the most commonly selected suicide device.

"A ring around the moon" is one of the few dependable weather signs. The rings are caused by ice crystals, carried at great height by a coming storm, which is not yet evident at lower levels.

One contributor to the fund for London park seats stipulates his money be used for seats solely for transients.

Harness racing in this country dates back to 1750. 2219

## Might Have Been Serious

Practical Jokers Found Their Idea Cost Them Plenty

A couple of citizens of an Ontario town, decided to play a practical joke on a friend by removing his motor car from its parking place and driving it several blocks, leaving the owner the task of finding it. Unfortunately, instead of their friend's car, it was another that resembled it greatly. The owner reported to the police that the car was stolen. Three constables started on a search and found it with the two would-be jokers still in it. They were arrested and brought before the magistrate who told the accused that they had participated in the kind of joke that might have cost them each a year in jail, if the police had decided to charge them with theft of a car. However, the explanation caused the charge to be reduced to one of taking a car without the consent of the owner. The penalty imposed was a fine of \$10 each with costs.

The moral of this is that there ought to be a good deal of discrimination when it comes to deciding on a practical joke. Most of the latter have been pretty well worked to death and the modern practical joker is more or less of a nuisance.

## Scaled Highest Mountains

Three British Youths Climb Four Within 27 Hours

Three young Britons set up some kind of an endurance record when they climbed the four highest mountains in England, Wales, Scotland and Ireland within 27 hours.

They began with Ben Nevis in Scotland, highest of the four. Starting at the ascent at 7 p.m., they reached the 4,066-foot summit and were down again before dark. In an automobile they drove 150 miles into Cumberland and scaled Scafell Pike in the darkness.

Then they drove to Snowdon in Wales, climbing it the next morning. From Wales they flew by plane to Killarney. A car took them to the foot of Ireland's highest mountain, Curran-Tuohill. They reached the summit by 10 p.m. and came down the mountainside in darkness.

## Praise For Edmonton Pilots

Cannot Be Beaten For Type Of Flying They Do

Edmonton pilots are the greatest in the world for bush flying—carrying freight to no man's land, making delivery—George J. Desbarats of Ottawa, president of the Engineering Institute of Canada and former deputy minister of three federal departments, declared in an interview. "For this particular type of flying nobody in the world can beat them," declared the man who, as deputy minister of naval defence from 1924 until his retirement in 1932 controlled civil aviation in Canada. Since that time and before has been transferred to the department of transport.

A Siamese-twin curiosity of the forest world is a mulberry tree and a sweet gum tree growing from the same trunk, in Tyler State Park, Texas.

Visit to E. P. Ranch

South of Calgary we drove to the E. P. Ranch coming through the Turner Valley on the way back. At the E. P. Ranch we found the 1,000-acre property of the Duke of Windsor, the stables, the corral, the main bungalow, and the men's quarters, built and equipped in princely style, were desolate of life except for a Chinese cook, and two milk cows. The men were working at the harvest, and Professor Carlyle was away. In the stable the genealogy of some of the fine E. P. Shorthorn herd were posted; on the dotted line for the owner's name the words, H. R. H. the Duke of Windsor, had been typed. There were scratched out with a pen and replaced significantly by—the Duke of Windsor. In spite of the beauty of the scenery and the spaciousness of the ranch we were seized with a feeling of depression that remained with us long after we had left.

As for Plain People

Even so a farmer is not alone in any summer resort to-day. The Duke of Windsor is a great democrat. In the Banff Hot Springs I met a farmer from Alberta's irrigated lands. The tourist camp where we picked up our tent was run into plain people from all parts of the continent, who must count every nickel. It was good to be among them; the people in the west are friendly, few artificial social barriers exist among them.

At Edmonton we had two kittens given us; these were in great demand by the young ladies of the camp. We found it very convenient to lend a kitten for half a day in exchange for washing the breakfast dishes. At night the kittens were glad to come back to the bachelors' tent. While we do not fuss with them, we don't mind if they

Who will be the second golfer to have his name inscribed on the parchment scroll which rests inside the casket supporting the Seagram Gold Cup is the question which is agitating golfing circles, with the Canadian Open Championship due to begin on September 9th at St. Andrew's Golf Club, Toronto.

Shooting four consecutive sub-par rounds last year, Lawson Little finished with a record breaking total of 271 to win the title and become the first holder of the beautiful Seagram Gold Cup. This was the big Californian's first major win after turning professional, and doubtless the miniature replica of the trophy, which goes to all winners for permanent possession, will long occupy a unique place in his affections, as representing the breaking of the "jinx" which so long pursued him after his jump to the moneyed ranks.

Presented to the Royal Canadian Golf Association by the House of Seagram to serve as an emblem of Canadian Open Golfing supremacy, the Seagram Cup has been much admired as an outstanding masterpiece of the jeweller's art. A massive base of onyx is a gold casket with heavily chased silver feet, and inside this casket is a scroll on which are inscribed the names of the winners of the Canadian Open. Surmounting classically simple lines which give it a most beautiful too seldom seen in trophies of this nature.

THE SEAGRAM GOLD CUP



MAKE THIS MODEL AT HOME—A BOON TO YOUR BUDGET By Anne Adams

Stunning, isn't it — this newest Anne Adams frock with its sweeping lines, well-tailored sleeves, and becoming yokes! Designed with an eye to your many Autumn and Winter activities, Pattern 4557 is "just right" for every occasion with both tailored or dressy accessories! If you've never made a frock before—now's your chance to begin, for this simple style is so easy to cut, stitch and finish off that you'll have it finished before you know it. Your budget, too, will appreciate the minimum of gay, but inexpensive fabric required. Nice in a novelty wool, cotton tweed, or synthetic.

Pattern 4557 is available in sizes 34, 36, 40 and 42. Size 36 takes 3 1/2 yards 39 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (coin preferred) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number, and send order to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 170 McEwen Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Three things—the will, the work, the success—span the whole of human life. The will opens the door to brilliant and happy careers; the work carries one across the threshold, and when the journey has ended, success crowns the work.

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## THE CANADIAN ADVENTURE

TRIP OF BOB SIM, AN ONTARIO FARM BOY

No. 12 of a Series of 16 Letters

Bob visits the E.P. Ranch—warned to stay put or get shot—can't sleep on mattresses—has two kittens as pets. His outfit is now called Floradora—Flora for the Car, Dora for the Trailer!



Little River in the Kootenay Valley, B.C. (Special Dispatch by Bob Sim)—Last night at dusk we left the Kootenay Trail and heading Floradora (Flora in the Ford, and Dora the Trailer) up a steep grade we found ourselves in a wee hamlet nestled between two mighty hills. We were told where we could camp, but warned that if we wandered away from camp we would be shot. We made camp on the bank of this little stream in a cottonwood grove, and slept under the stars with the joyous voice of the brook in our ears. How like the voice of youth it was! Gay, untiring, enthusiastic; no obstacle too formidable, no canyon too precipitous. It is clean as the silver brooks of the Sturgeon River away back in Grey County. The water is pure and refreshing, the stability of maturity, join a broad black river, mingle its pure with impure. It is the only healthy way to the sea, to final oblivion.

The Kootenay Range, besides being the name of the family cook stove, is also in precious metals and the threat of being shot recalled those early days in British Columbia. But the explanation was that there had been a Doukhobor uprising recently. The Doukhobors had been charged with burning down a number of homes in the locality. As we drove along we could see in the darkness the dim figures of men seated in fence corners, puffing their pipes with loaded guns. We thought, "We built a little fire to cook our supper, and minded our own business all evening. Why should we be home to us with force the great problem facing this generation of Canadians of all ages? The Doukhobors were not fewer than three millions of false gods. The Persians worship almost everything associated with the sun. The fields, groves, and cities of Greece were full of imaginary deities. And yet all the Bible writers for 1500 years taught that there is only one God" (A. C. Dixon).

The Great Commandment, Deuteronomy 6:5. Thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy strength, and with all thy might—phrases intended to include every faculty of man. See Mt. 22:37-40.

God's Words to be Remembered and Taught in the Home, Deuteronomy 6:7. "Thou shalt teach them diligently these words to thy children, when thou sittest, and when thou standest, when thou liest down, and when thou risest up. Thou shalt bind them for a sign upon thy hand, and they shall be for frontlets between thy eyes. Thou shalt write them upon the doorposts of thy house, and upon thy gates. When thou enterest thy house, and when thou goest out, when thou tellest thy prayer, and when thou liest down, and when thou risest up, thou shalt say, 'Blessed be the name of the Lord our God for ever.'"

The duty of teaching to children the words of the law is stressed. Everyone who reads the picture of children upon them, as though they had the power to sharpen even the most feeble faculties, and to the matters of household training, the nurture and admonition of the Lord. They were to be made manifest everywhere and at all times, "pricked in" by repetition and emphasis.

"God of our fathers, known of old—Lord of our far-flung battle line—Beneath whose awful hand we hold Dominion over pain and pleasure, Lord God Hosts, be with us now, Lest we forget—lest we forget!" —Kipling.

Has Become Popular

Highland Dress of Royal Family Starts Boom In Bagpipes

There are only a few traders in bagpipes in London, but these appear to be sharing the boom in the popularity of the Highland dress which is accompanying the international demand for kilt outfits. It is thought that the pictures of the members of the Royal family in Highland dress which have appeared in the world's press has been the greatest factor in this boom. Those engaged in the business have received orders for bagpipes from the most remote quarters of the world. Labrador and Honolulu, Johannesburg and Pekin, Jamaica and Teheran. One firm's display in London has even brought inquiries from Moscow. But the Dominions, through the Scotch Societies, continue to provide the major proportion of the export trade in both bagpipes and Highland garb—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Easily Answered

The court was silent except for the dearest tones of deeding counsel. Everyone hung on his words, and many thought that he would win his case.

"And now gentlemen of the jury," he began to wind up, "I ask you—where could the prisoner have hidden the watch?" Not in his pocket. The constable has already told you that the man was searched. Not in his shoes—the watch was too large. Then where was it hidden?

He paused dramatically for effect, and looking at the pictures of the prisoner ventured:

"Please, sir, I put it under my hat."

Explanations And Comments

The Unity and Uniqueness of Jehovah. The Unity of Jehovah, our God is an aboriginal truth. The Jews call Shema, from the first word of verse 4 in Hebrew, translated "Hear." "Does one express the unity of Jehovah, declaring that he is in his essence indivisible, cannot assume different phases or attributes, as presiding over different localities, or different departments of Nature? Or does it mean the unity of Jehovah, representing him as God in a unique sense, as the only Deity to whom the true attributes of the Godhead belong? The second interpretation gives the higher and truer meaning to the term. The first interpretation is not, however, excluded by it; for the unity of Jehovah is an almost necessary corollary of his uniqueness. The verse is thus a great declaration of Monotheism" (S. R. Driver).

"The Bible teaches from beginning to end the fact of one God. Where men's writers get this idea? Certainly not from the nations around them. Herodotus informs us that the B.C. Egyptians worshipped no fewer than three millions of false gods. The Persians worship almost everything associated with the sun. The fields, groves, and cities of Greece were full of imaginary deities. And yet all the Bible writers for 1500 years taught that there is only one God" (A. C. Dixon).

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"And now gentlemen of the jury," he began to wind up, "I ask you—where could the prisoner have hidden the watch?" Not in his pocket. The constable has already told you that the man was searched. Not in his shoes—the watch was too large. Then where was it hidden?

He paused dramatically for effect, and looking at the pictures of the prisoner ventured:

"Please, sir, I put it under my hat."

Explanations And Comments

The Unity and Uniqueness of Jehovah. The Unity of Jehovah, our God is an aboriginal truth. The Jews call Shema, from the first word of verse 4 in Hebrew, translated "Hear." "Does one express the unity of Jehovah, declaring that he is in his essence indivisible, cannot assume different phases or attributes, as presiding over different localities, or different departments of Nature? Or does it mean the unity of Jehovah, representing him as God in a unique sense, as the only Deity to whom the true attributes of the Godhead belong? The second interpretation gives the higher and truer meaning to the term. The first interpretation is not, however, excluded by it; for the unity of Jehovah is an almost necessary corollary of his uniqueness. The verse is thus a great declaration of Monotheism" (S. R. Driver).

"The Bible teaches from beginning to end the fact of one God. Where men's writers get this idea? Certainly not from the nations around them. Herodotus informs us that the B.C. Egyptians worshipped no fewer than three millions of false gods. The Persians worship almost everything associated with the sun. The fields, groves, and cities of Greece were full of imaginary deities. And yet all the Bible writers for 1500 years taught that there is only one God" (A. C. Dixon).

The Great Commandment, Deuteronomy 6:5. Thou shalt love Jehovah thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy strength, and with all thy might—phrases intended to include every faculty of man. See Mt. 22:37-40.

God's Words to be Remembered and Taught in the Home, Deuteronomy 6:7. "Thou shalt teach them diligently these words to thy children, when thou sittest, and when thou standest, when thou liest down, and when thou risest up. Thou shalt bind them for a sign upon thy hand, and they shall be for frontlets between thy eyes. Thou shalt write them upon the doorposts of thy house, and upon thy gates. When thou enterest thy house, and when thou goest out, when thou tellest thy prayer, and when thou liest down, and when thou risest up, thou shalt say, 'Blessed be the name of the Lord our God for ever.'"

The duty of teaching to children the words of the law is stressed. Everyone who reads the picture of children upon them, as though they had the power to sharpen even the most feeble faculties, and to the matters of household training, the nurture and admonition of the Lord. They were to be made manifest everywhere and at all times, "pricked in" by repetition and emphasis.

"God of our fathers, known of old—Lord of our far-flung battle line—Beneath whose awful hand we hold Dominion over pain and pleasure, Lord God Hosts, be with us now, Lest we forget—lest we forget!" —Kipling.

Has Become Popular

Highland Dress of Royal Family Starts Boom In Bagpipes

There are only a few traders in bagpipes in London, but these appear to be sharing the boom in the popularity of the Highland dress which is accompanying the international demand for kilt outfits. It is thought that the pictures of the members of the Royal family in Highland dress which have appeared in the world's press has been the greatest factor in this boom. Those engaged in the business have received orders for bagpipes from the most remote quarters of the world. Labrador and Honolulu, Johannesburg and Pekin, Jamaica and Teheran. One firm's display in London has even brought inquiries from Moscow. But the Dominions, through the Scotch Societies, continue to provide the major proportion of the export trade in both bagpipes and Highland garb—Edinburgh Scotsman.

Easily Answered

The court was silent except for the dearest tones of deeding counsel. Everyone hung on his words, and many thought that he would win his case.



# AFTER EVERY

## ADDS DIGESTION

### THE YELLOW BRIAR

A Story of the Irish on the Canadian Countryside  
By PATRICK SLATER  
By arrangement with Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER X.—Continued

A respectable old Englishman declared he was a British subject, did he? The indignant man thus challenged was made take an oath on it. And the old man then said he was 21. A year? In such pretty light-faded fashion doubts were raised as to the qualifications of men personally well known to every person present. And after pledging his oath that he had not been bribed, the Liberal supporter would find out his vote for Atkins and emerge choking on a string of oaths as long as his arm. Such tactics proved very effective toward the close of a poll. Getting the votes out early was practice politics in those spacious days. And in the same election, men were passing from poll to poll in the larger centres casting votes in whatever name came readily to their minds. Even the British royal family was not overlooked. Prince Consort cast four votes in that election against George Brown in Toronto.

"The vanquished in elections, in those days, always had corruption and sinister influences to explain the verdict. The candidate of the Mono reformers, in the riding of South Simcoe, had been defeated, and Mr. Carson was loud in his exclamatory discourse about toy booty. Nancy Marshall turned the heel of a sock before she spoke.

"Well, Mr. Carson," she said at last, "how about poor Willie Ford?"

"Oh! Ford was all right," Carson assured her. "He voted for us."

"I thought the old man was a Conservative," she remarked. "He was speaking to me this morning in the village."

"And what did he tell you?" Mr. Carson demanded.

"He was much bothered about being sworn at the polls," she replied. "He reckoned perhaps it was all right because he had no money in his hand at the time, but he told me about your side putting the silver on the ledge over his stable in his knitting."

The Clear Grits were claiming a majority of English-speaking members in the next parliament of Canada, and rumblings of what they would do were being heard in Mono. Bitter criticism of the French-Canadians was the principal stock-in-trade of many Ontario reformers.

Mr. Marshall would hear none of it. On first coming to America, John Trueman and his family had spent four years down at Rivière du Loup, and her mother had always spoken highly of the courtesy and good manners of the Canadian Indians.

"The French were here before you, Mr. Carson," she told him, and they'll be here after you're gone. It is poor patriotism, Mr. Carson, to be prever criticizing the principal features on your country's face. We have an eleven commandment in Canada: It says 'Thou shalt mind thine own business.'"

Every 10c Packet of WILSON'S FLY PADS WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN SEVERAL DOLLARS WORTH OF ANY OTHER FLY KILLER.

10c WHY PAY MORE  
Best of all fly killers. Clean, quick, sure, cheap. Ask your Drugist, Grocer or General Store.  
THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., HAMILTON, ONT.

public has to pay in the long run for a multiplicity of stores and such conveniences; and that society foots the bill for the riot of waste and the losses that competition leaves in its wake.

Indeed, Mrs. Marshall told the Mono reformers she did not believe free trade was a philanthropic attempt to give cheap food to the working people of England. In her opinion, self-seeking business interests over there were ruining the farmers in order that factory hands could subsist on lower wages.

"And without sound healthy farms," she asked them, "where will any country drift—but to ruin?"

The simple countrywoman was merely applying generally the social and economic principles that people practised on a pioneer farm in Canada. Industry, to her mind, was a social service, and had a greater duty than plucking up wealth to ruin the lives of the money-grabbers themselves. Its first duty was to produce honest wages, and its second duty to give reasonable security of employment to men who depend on it to support their families in comfort. In pioneer life, people knew little of competition, but they tasted the rewards of neighborly co-operation.

The idea of gouging a neighbor with a high price because he finds himself short taken in his supplies would have been shocking to the mind and feelings of Nancy Marshall. To her way of thinking, men successful under modern business methods should face a grand jury.

"If people had a chance to be honest, there is plenty to go round," she told them, "and for every reasonable need, families could cut and come again."

Her husband was probably right. His wife Nancy belonged to the Middle Ages, with its guilds that controlled production and regulated prices. In these later days, the economic principles Mr. Carson accepted with such enthusiasm have lost some of their savour. The practical precepts of shopkeepers, traders and gamblers who are not necessarily virtuous in these later days, the economic principles Mr. Carson accepted with such enthusiasm have lost some of their savour.

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### Kept Plant Going

Edison Answers Problem Six Years After His Death

Thomas A. Edison, five years after his death, outdid the spirits and made a decision which kept one of his largest manufacturing plants from shutting down.

The plant was the battery division of Thomas A. Edison, Inc. Nickel had been discovered in \$400,000 worth of Swedish iron, used to make the negative "active materials" for alkaline batteries. This is an unusually pure form of iron and no more was available at the time in this country.

A staff conference was called to consider what nickel impurity ruined the iron for battery manufacture.

"How would you like to have Thomas A. Edison make the decision?" asked one of the conferees, George E. Stringfellow, vice-president and general manager of the battery division.

The staff took inquiring. "I'm not sure," Stringfellow added, "but I think it can be done. Then he told this story. In 1924, while Edison was the active consultant for the battery company, Stringfellow proposed: 'Mr. Edison, would you be willing to arrange to continue as consultant after you passed on?'"

"You are crazy," said Edison. "It might work," Stringfellow replied. "You invented this battery. In your mind there is information about it that no one else has. Will you let the staff give you written questions about the battery, every Saturday afternoon before you go home? You could bring the answers in writing to work on Monday morning."

Edison agreed. Over week-ends he pencilled answers to lists of preventive questions. They were filed away in a black bookcase folder. The book remained in the files after Edison's death in October, 1931.

No one knew whether it would contain the nickel question; but it did. "If there is nickel in iron," Stringfellow had written, "does it adversely affect the life of the cell?"

"No harm," Edison wrote. The conference accepted this decision. It turned out to be the correct answer. Stringfellow spent 10 years perfecting this battery.

### A Puzzle To Doctors

Woman Keeps Healthy By Living On Milk And Tea

For the past 11 years no solid food has passed the lips of Miss Mabel Ashworth, of Corby, near Kettering, Northamptonshire, a mother of three children.

She drinks one quart of milk and a cup of tea each day. Her health is perfect, and her strength and energy as great as that of any normal housewife.

British specialists are amazed that she is alive. Doctors have tried every kind of diet to tempt her back to food, but she refuses to eat. She says she cannot.

Mrs. Ashworth, who is small, dark, weight 84 pounds, is the wife of a steelworker. She began her milk diet as the result of an accident which injured her throat and prevented her from eating. She became so used to it that she never wanted to eat again.

"I would not go back to an ordinary diet if I were paid to," Mabel Ashworth said. "My health is quite as good as it was before my accident. I retire each night at eleven, sleep soundly, and rise regularly at five to get my husband off to work."

"I have a cup of tea first thing in the morning and for lunch, tea and supper a glass of milk. I do not mind watching other people eat."

English clover would grow in Australia, but produced no seed until bees from Great Britain were brought there for cross fertilization purposes.

### Punishment For Spies

Military Authorities Publicly Behead Any Traitors To China

Swift beheading was publicly prescribed—and demonstrated—by Chinese military authorities for China's enemies among her own people.

These include traitors, spies, looters, incendiaries, rumor mongers and those who harbor traitors, poison water sources, secrete munitions or signal the Japanese enemy.

The public executioner, armed with a yard-long sword, put the order into effect recently in the Nantao quarter, lopping off the heads of two women and seven men.

The heads were promptly placed on picket fences as a warning to others.

A 25-pound hog will yield from 12 to 15 per cent. of its weight in suits suitable for bacon.



"You see the idea? Now we shan't have to run after Henry every time he walks in his sleep."—Amusement, Amsterdam.



"I have so much trouble with sluggish drains" "Use GILLETT'S LYE. It clears the dirt right out"

## Cuts right through clogging matter

● Just use Gillett's Pure Flake Lye regularly... and you'll keep toilets, tub and sink drains clean and running freely. It will not harm enamel or plumbing. Banishes unpleasant odors as it cleans.

Gillett's Lye makes light work of dozens of hard cleaning tasks... saves you hours of drudgery. Keep a tin always on hand!

Never dissolve lye in hot water. The action of the lye itself heats the water.



FREE BOOKLET—The Gillett's Lye Booklet tells how to use this powerful cleanser for dozens of tasks. Send for free copy to Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. and Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.

### Making Centenarians

Czech Doctor Claims Eating Beans Is Secret Of Longevity

Eat more beans, and live to be a centenarian.

This recipe was discovered by Dr. Pavle Viskup, Czech doctor, who has studied more than 90 Yugoslavian Methuselahs who have reached the age of 100 years and more.

Beans are the main crop in some parts of South Serbia. The country being poor, people live on beans as their principal food. One man in the small village of Debar, who is 129 years old, maintained that he had eaten beans, bread and vegetables, mostly onions, and very little meat, for more than a century.

If any meat is consumed at all, it is lamb. Wine, brandy and tobacco do not play much of a part in the life of the century-men and women. Of the 90 old people who were examined, only 11 were smokers, and of these six were women.

### Robber Was Frustrated

Young Girl Bookkeeper Saves Payroll For Toronto Firm

A 23-year-old bookkeeper frustrated three would-be robbers in Toronto as she was returning to her office from the bank with a \$2,000 payroll. Miss Allen Green was carrying the money in a large envelope held under her arm when a car containing three men drew up beside her. One jumped out and grabbed at the envelope. She squeezed it tight between her arm and body and began shouting.

The man pulled desperately at the envelope, which burst. He reeled with part of it in his hand, leaving the money still under the girl's arm. He then jumped into the car which sped away.

### Space Growing Small

Fast Trips Across Atlantic Bring Countries Very Close

Space, which the astronomers are forever expanding into the infinite, seems to grow suddenly small as we contemplate the 12-hour passage of the Caledonia across the Atlantic. The voyage that in the Mayflower filled more than three months becomes a thing to be contemplated within the sunlit hours of a single day. New York is brought nearer to London in point of time to the traveller than was our own York in the days of the stagecoach.—London Sunday Times.

### Got Bargain By Waiting

Reservoir Sold For Small Sum After 25 Years

Because of the price of a reservoir on a new stove, which was ten dollars extra 25 years ago, the purchasers did not take the attachment. No one else since had seemed to want it, so a few days ago the son of the stove purchaser walked into the same hardware store, and bought the same reservoir for the original stove of 25 years ago, for the sum of two dollars.

### Little Helps For This Week

O turn unto me and have mercy upon me; give Thy strength unto Thy servant and save the son of Thy handmaid. Psalm 86:16.

Thou art my King henceforth and here; And I Thy servant Lord am all Thine own. Give me Thy strength, and let Thy dwelling be In this poor heart that longs my Lord for Thee.

When it is the one ruling, never-ceasing desire of our hearts that God may be the beginning and end of the reason and motive of our doing or not doing from morning to night, then everywhere whether speaking or silent, whether inwardly or outwardly employed, we have our life in the Eternal Spirit and are united by prayer which is the security of the soul that is travelling through time into the riches of eternity. Let us have no thought or care but how to be in everything His thankful servants.

### Visitors To London

Tourist Business Has Kept Up Well During Summer

London seemed so full of overseas visitors at the time of the Coronation, that most of us probably overestimated their numbers. Statistics just published for the first six months of this year show that we had 116,000 visitors from abroad, or rather over 19,000 more than in the same period last year. None the less, these figures constitute a record and they do not include the numerous British visitors from overseas, estimated at 200,000, who travel with British passports and are therefore not recorded at the ports. No doubt, the fall of the franc has reduced the number of French visitors this summer; yet August found London as full of tourists as ever, and it seems unlikely that the influx for the Coronation has resulted in any diminution of the annual late summer influx.—Country Life, London.

### Great Bananas Eaters

The Overseas Daily Mail thinks "Yes, we have some bananas" should be the theme song of British fruit importers. For last year the demand for the banana in the country broke all records, and 20,673,000 bunches were imported, 73 per cent. coming from Empire countries.

### Will Not Need Hay

General prospects for a large export of Canadian hay to the United Kingdom, so far as southern Britain is concerned, during the coming fall and winter have diminished as a result of abundant yields of hay throughout England.

The heavens are divided into 89 constellations, 48 of which were known to the ancients. The remainder were discovered mostly during the 16th and 17th centuries.

Avocado contains more fat than any other fruit except olives.

# SCHOOL SUPPLIES

## EVERYTHING FOR SCHOOL

Scribblers, Notebooks, Loose-Leaf Covers, Loose-Leaf Refills, Pens, Pencils, Erasers, Ink, Drawing Pads, Art Supplies, Crayons, Mathematical Sets, Rulers, Dictionaries and Pencil Boxes.

Orders Placed Here for Text Books Will Be Filled

## H. C. McBURNEY

Druggist and Stationer Main Street, Coleman

Agent for Frache Bros. Greenhouses

# SPECIAL BUY

on New Connor Washing Machines, two in stock.

Also a sacrifice price on TWO MAJESTIC RADIOS, to make room for new Canadian General Electric Machines which are arriving daily.

In Heating and Plumbing we can install you that One Piece Electric Weld Furnace for a price you can afford.

A NEW FIVE FOOT BATH, complete with fittings, for. **\$45.00 cash**

## Pattinson's Hardware Store

Phone 180 for Orders Large or Small—Service Unexcelled

Dr. and Mrs. Ross of Drumheller, and their daughter-in-law, Mrs. Gordon Ross and daughter, were visitors for a brief stay on Wednesday.

Mrs. Ken Blain and son left this week for Nelson where they will join Mr. Blain who has been employed there for the past several weeks.

## Local News

Mrs. Nicholson, of Spokane, is the guest of Mrs. J. Lonsbury.

Mr. J. A. McDonald and his daughter, Penelope, are away on an auto trip to points south.

Mrs. W. B. Steeves of High River was a visitor in town over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ireland left Sunday morning for the coast where they will spend a two weeks vacation.

Mr. J. Naylor, Winnifred Dunlop, Owen Dunlop, Doris Bowen, the latter for hospital training, left for Vancouver and Victoria.

Mrs. Sam Moores, accompanied by Mae, Gladys and Douglas, is spending a vacation at the coast.

Printing of quality is a necessity in any business. You'll find complete satisfaction in printed matter from The Journal office.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. McKinnon left to-day (Thursday) for a holiday in Western Ontario. Mr. Totten is relieving agent.

As a result of the drive for the Canadian Legion club building, over 50 bonds for \$25 each were signed.

The Elks carnival was well supported and the major prize winners were Mrs. Annie Saloff, bedroom suite; and Frazer McLeod, Chesterfield suite. The carnival committee thank all who assisted in making it a success.

Mrs. Westworth, ar., of London, England, was the guest of honor at two bridge parties during the week. Mrs. H. T. Halliwell entertained last Friday evening, and Mrs. S. B. Ryan was hostess on Wednesday evening.

## Gentle's Team Won First Money at Fernie Sports

Angelo kept Coleman to the fore on the sports map at Fernie on Labor Day when he led his team to first money in the baseball tournament with a 7-6 decision over Kimberley. Four teams were entered, Kimberley, Fernie, Michel and Coleman.

Coleman's team was composed of three players from Coleman, four from Blairmore and four from Spokane. The Spokane players were "friends" of his, stated Angelo. In the first game Coleman smothered Fernie under a 26-4 score. Noble of Spokane and Marconi of Coleman relieved each other with the pitching duties. Kimberley defeated Michel and met Coleman in the final where they were defeated. First prize was worth \$100.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Shayler and Stanley, of Crows Nest, left Wednesday by car for a months vacation in California and Tijuana, Mexico.

Miss Florence LeRoy and Miss Murchie of the Michel teaching staff, accompanied by Herbie LeRoy and Johnny Harris of Penicton, visited in Coleman on Tuesday.

Mrs. George W. R. LeRoy of Penicton came down on Tuesday to spend the day with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Halliwell.

Helen Dibble, who completed Grade XII studies in the high school in June, left on Tuesday to commence a course at Calgary Normal school.

## ZAK'S

### Meat Market

Phone 53 - Main Street

### Week-End Specials

1 lb. pkg. Blue Mill Coffee 30c  
3 lb. pkg. Blue Mill Coffee 85c  
3 lb. tin Break O'morn

Coffee . . . . . 95c

All Wheat Breakfast Food, per package . . . 10c

3 pkgs. of Corn Flakes and Glass Bowl for 35c

Super Sude, large pkg. 10c

Miracle Whip, 32 oz. jar 52c

Herring in Tomato Sauce, tall size, per tin . . 10c

Sockeye Salmon, halves, per tin . . . . . 15c

Beef Stew, tall tins, each 15c

Chicken Haddie, per tin 15c

Eno's Fruit Salts, a bottle 79c

TRY OUR ONE DOLLAR FRUIT DEAL

Fresh Meat and Vegetables

## Palace Theatre

Best Sound Effect — High Class Programs  
Nightly 8 p.m. Saturday 2 p.m., 7:30 p.m. and 9:30 p.m.

Saturday and Monday, Sept. 11 and 13

ERROL FLYNN and ANITA LOUISE, in

## "GREEN LIGHT"

Only of Hate and Heartbreak could life fashion a love like theirs!

Also showing Paramount News and Musical Shorts

Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 14 and 15

## DOUBLE PROGRAM

Rochelle Hudson in, "BORN RECKLESS" and

Stuart Erwin in, "PIGSKIN PARADE"

Thursday and Friday, September 16 and 17

## DOUBLE PROGRAM

Olsen and Johnson in, "COUNTRY GENTLEMEN" and

Phil Regan in, "HAPPY-GO-LUCKY"

## SPIEVAK'S

Telephone 219 **Grocery** FREE Delivery

Assorted Jelly Powders, 6 packets for 25c  
Western Strawberry Jam, Pure, 4 lb. tins 65c  
Marigold Orange Marmalade, Pure, 4 lb. tin 55c  
Clark's Veal Loaf, 1/2's, per tin . . . 15c  
Assorted Spices, per tin . . . . . 8c  
Windsor Salt, Plain or Iodized, 2 lb. carton 10c  
Prunes, 2 pound packages, each . . 29c  
Fly Colls, 6 for . . . . . 9c  
Heinz Ketchup, per bottle . . . . 22c  
Certo Fruit Pectin, per bottle . . . 30c  
Brunswick Sardines, per tin . . . 5c  
Heinz Vinegar, White or Malt, 33 oz. bottle 33c  
Heinz White Vinegar, 16 1/2 oz. bottle . 19c  
Aylmer Peaches, Fancy Quality, per tin 22c

## Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

The moment you step inside our store you will be thrilled by the clean, neat arrangement of our stock.

Everything has been done to make shopping with us a MOST PLEASANT AND ECONOMICAL TASK.

## Hockey Meeting

The annual meeting of the COLEMAN CANADIANS' HOCKEY CLUB will be held in the

COLEMAN COUNCIL CHAMBERS

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10th

AT 7 O'CLOCK

# New! RCA Victor ELECTRIC TUNING/ IN 1938 RCA VICTOR MODELS

OTHER GREAT NEW RCA VICTOR FEATURES  
ELECTRIC Tuning  
Armchair Control (Optional)  
Super-Sonic Music Voice  
New Overseas Dial



PUSH A BUTTON — THERE'S YOUR STATION

### 50 Times Easier!

Try Electric Tuning now, it's fast, accurate, truly automatic! Just push the button . . . there's your station.

This latest RCA Victor miracle plus the new "overseas" dial put the new 1938 RCA Victor radios way out in front.

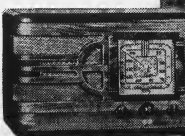
NEW! Big "Overseas" Dial. Seven tuning bands making short-wave stations easy to tune.



NEW! Fine hand-rubbed cabinets. Remember — only RCA Victor produce Beauty-Tone cabinets.



NEW! Floor improved tone with "Magic Voice." Same effect as "band shell" to eliminate "boom".



Model 216-K  
A 16-tube Super-heterodyne.  
Complete with Electric Tuning.  
Truly the finest world-wide performer money can buy.

\$339 UP

Model 21-T — Smart-looking chest-type table radio — 6-tube, 3-band superheterodyne. Powerful domestic and short-wave reception. Many new RCA Victor features including new Sunburst Dial and Beauty-Tone cabinet. \$72.50

LIBERAL TRADE-IN ALLOWANCE

EASY PAYMENT PLAN

RCA Victor

# J. M. CHALMERS

Local Dealer

Coleman, Alberta

## The Big Corner Store LEDIEU'S Telephone No. 232

SPECIALS Good Only for Sept. 10, 11 and 13 SPECIALS

Tomatoes, Choice Quality, No. 2 1/2's, 2 tins . . . 25c  
Peas, Orchard City, No. 5 Sieve, 2 tins for . . . 25c  
Brunswick Sardines in Olive Oil, 5 tins for . . . 25c  
Classic Cleanser, 3 tins for 25c  
Salad Dressing, 32 oz. Jars 59c  
Oxydol, 2 packages for . . 45c

Chipso, 2 packages for . . 43c  
Tomato Soup, Clark's, 3 tins for . . . 25c  
Dutch Cocoa, bulk, 2 lbs. 25c  
Mops with stick, each 35c  
Salmon Clover Leaf, Fancy Pink, 3 tins for . . . 29c  
Carbolic Soap, 5 cakes for 25c  
See our windows for other specials

## Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in season at Reasonable Prices

Tomatoes, per basket . . . 25c  
Corn on Cob, Golden Bantam, per dozen . . . . . 25c

B. C. Cooking Onions, 6 lbs. 25c  
Cabbage, good solid heads, 8 pounds for . . . . . 25c

## See Window for other Fruits and Vegetables

## Meat Specials Saturday Only

Hamburg Steak, 3 pounds for 25c  
Round Veal Steak, 2 lbs. 25c  
Sirloin Veal Roast, per lb. 15c

T. B. Veal Roast, per pound 15c  
Pot Roast Veal, per pound 10c  
Pot Roast Beef, per pound 12c